

Use the functions  $f(x) = 2x$  and  $g(x) = x^2 + 1$  to find the value of each expression.

1.  $f(3) + g(4)$

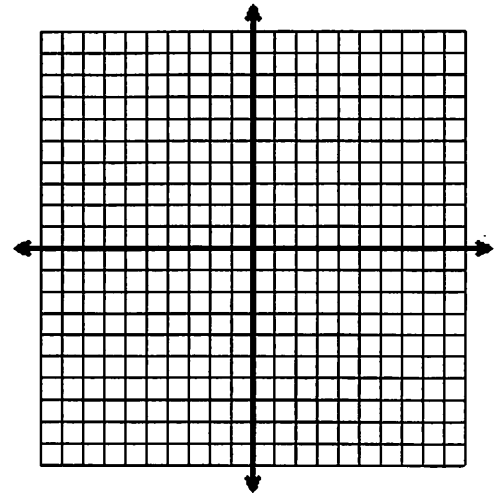
2.  $g(3) + f(4)$

3.  $f(5) + 2g(1)$

4.  $f(g(3))$

5. Model the function  $y = x^2 - 6x + 5$  with a table of values and graph for the domain:  $0 \leq x \leq 6$

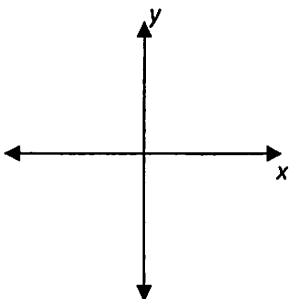
Domain ( $x$ )	$y = x^2 - 6x + 5$	Range ( $y$ )



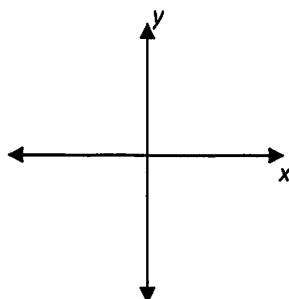
Write the set of range values for the given domain values \_\_\_\_\_

Draw a sketch of the graph for each of the following functions.

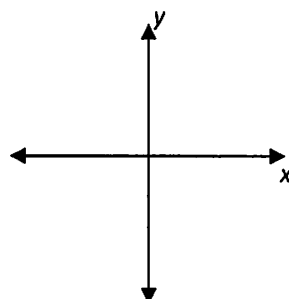
Linear



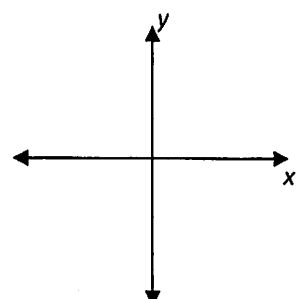
Quadratic



Exponential



Absolute Value



Use the functions  $f(x) = 2x$  and  $g(x) = x^2 + 1$  to find the value of each expression.

1.  $f(3) + g(4)$

$$2x + x^2 + 1$$

$$2(3) + 4^2 + 1$$

$$6 + 16 + 1$$

**23**

2.  $g(3) + f(4)$

$$3^2 + 1 + 2(4)$$

$$9 + 1 + 8$$

**18**

3.  $f(5) + 2g(1)$

$$2 \cdot 5 + 2 \cdot (1^2 + 1)$$

$$2 \cdot 5 + 2 \cdot 2$$

$$10 + 4$$

**14**

4.  $f(g(3))$

$$3^2 + 1$$

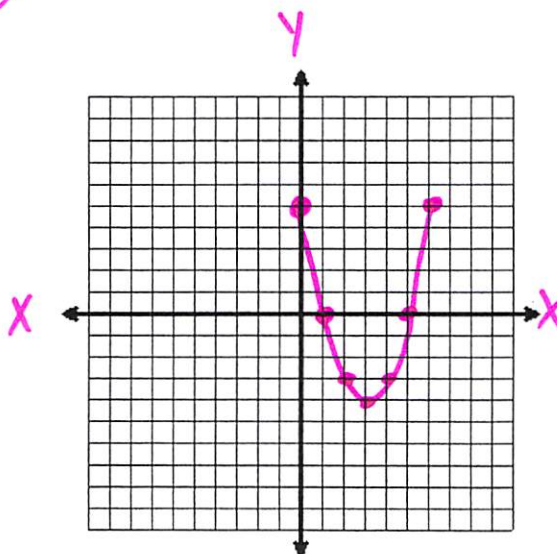
$$f(10)$$

$$2(10)$$

**20**

5. Model the function  $y = x^2 - 6x + 5$  with a table of values and graph for the domain:  $0 \leq x \leq 6$

Domain (x)	$y = x^2 - 6x + 5$	Range (y)
0	$0^2 - 6(0) + 5$	5
1	$1^2 - 6(1) + 5$	0
2	$2^2 - 6(2) + 5$	-3
3	$3^2 - 6(3) + 5$	-4
4	$4^2 - 6(4) + 5$	-3
5	$5^2 - 6(5) + 5$	0
6	$6^2 - 6(6) + 5$	5

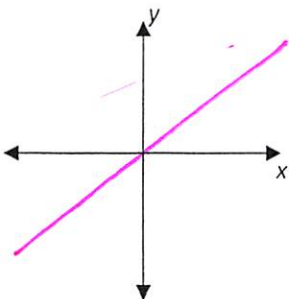


Write the set of range values for the given domain values

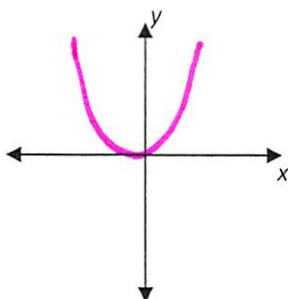
Between  $-4$  and  $5$   
 Range:  $-4 \leq y \leq 5$

Draw a sketch of the graph for each of the following functions.

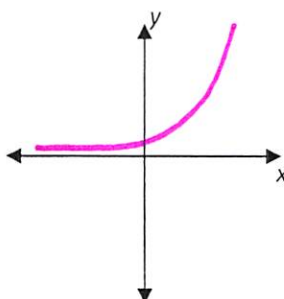
Linear



Quadratic



Exponential



Absolute Value

