

Solve each inequality, graph the solution set, and check a possible solution. Record your solution set and number line on this paper, place all work and checks on additional paper.

1)  $13x < 9(1-x)$

2)  $15 \leq 5 - 8m - 14$

3)  $b^2 + 3(b-1) \geq b^2 + 5$

4)  $2(x+2) - 3x \geq -1$

5)  $-3(4-m) \geq 2(-14+4m)$

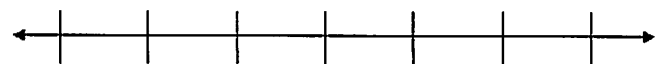
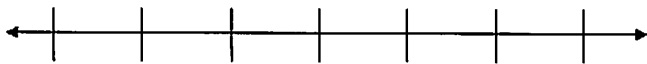
6)  $\frac{3}{4}(x+2) < 6(x+12)$

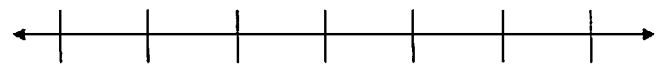
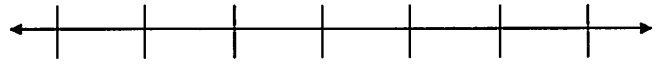
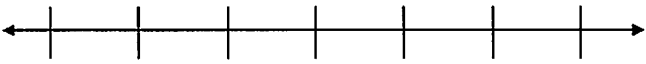
7)  $\frac{1}{2}n - \frac{1}{8} \geq \frac{3}{4} + \frac{5}{6}n$

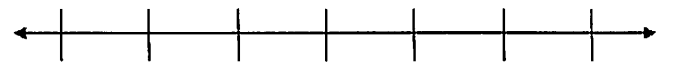
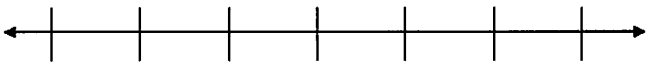
8)  $-2(0.5-4s) \geq -3(4-3.5s)$

9)  $5x - \frac{1}{2}(3x+8) \leq -4 + 3x$

10)  $5a - 2(a-15) < 10$



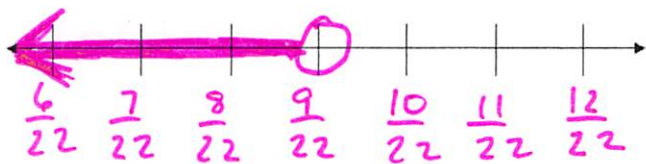




$$13x < 9(1-x)$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 13x < 9-9x \\ +9x & +9x \\ \hline 22x < 9 \\ \frac{22x}{22} < \frac{9}{22} \end{array}$$

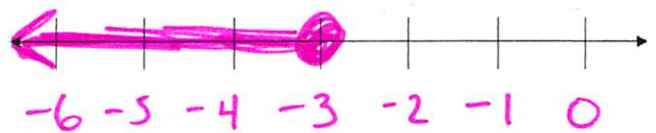
$$x < \frac{9}{22}$$



$$15 \leq 5-8m-14$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 15 \leq -8m-9 \\ +9 & +9 \\ \hline 24 \leq -8m \\ \frac{24}{-8} \geq \frac{-8m}{-8} \end{array}$$

$$-3 \geq m$$



$$b^2 + 3(b-1) \geq b^2 + 5$$

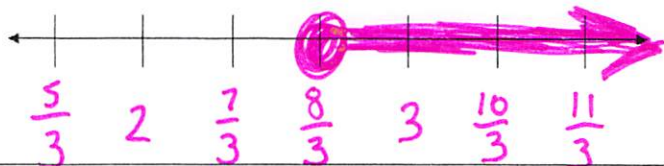
$$\begin{array}{r|l} b^2 + 3(b-1) \geq b^2 + 5 \\ -b^2 & -b^2 \\ \hline 3(b-1) \geq 5 \end{array}$$

$$3(b-1) \geq 5$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3b-3 \geq 5 \\ +3 \quad +3 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3b \geq 8 \\ \frac{3b}{3} \geq \frac{8}{3} \end{array}$$

$$b \geq \frac{8}{3}$$



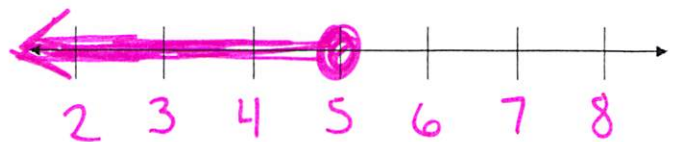
$$2(x+2) - 3x \geq -1$$

$$2x + 4 - 3x \geq -1$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} -x+4 \geq -1 \\ -4 & -4 \\ \hline -x \geq -5 \end{array}$$

$$-x \geq -5$$

$$x \leq 5$$



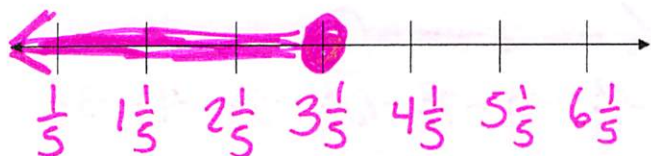
$$-3(4-m) \geq 2(-14+4m)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -12 + 3m \geq -28 + 8m \\ -3m \qquad -3m \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -12 \geq -28 + 5m \\ +28 \qquad +28 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{16}{5} \geq \frac{5m}{5}$$

$$3\frac{1}{5} \geq m$$



$$\frac{4}{1} \left( \frac{3}{4}(x+2) \right) < \left( 6(x+12) \right) \frac{4}{1}$$

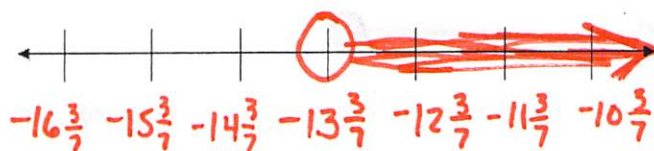
$$3(x+2) < 24(x+12)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3x + 6 < 24x + 288 \\ -6 \qquad -6 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3x < 24x + 282 \\ -24x \quad -24x \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -21x < 282 \\ -21 \quad -21 \end{array}$$

$$x > -13\frac{3}{7}$$



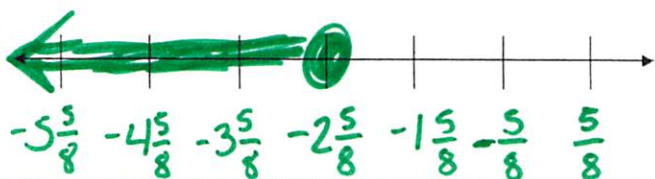
$$\frac{24}{1} \left( \frac{1}{2}n - \frac{1}{8} \right) \geq \left( \frac{3}{4} + \frac{5}{6}n \right) \frac{24}{1}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 12n - 3 \geq 18 + 20n \\ -12n \qquad -12n \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -3 \geq 18 + 8n \\ -18 \quad -18 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{-21}{8} \geq \frac{8n}{8}$$

$$-2\frac{5}{8} \geq n$$



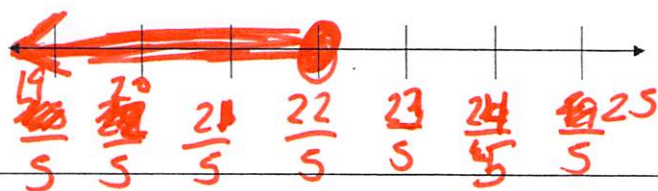
$$-2(0.5 - 4s) \geq -3(4 - 3.5s)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -1 + 8s \geq -12 + 10.5s \\ -8s \qquad -8s \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -1 \geq -12 + 2.5s \\ +12 \quad +12 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{11}{2.5} \geq \frac{2.5s}{2.5}$$

$$\frac{22}{5} \geq s$$



$$5x - \frac{1}{2}(3x+8) \leq -4 + 3x$$

$$\frac{2}{1} \left( 5x - \frac{3}{2}x - 4 \right) \leq (-4 + 3x) \frac{2}{1}$$

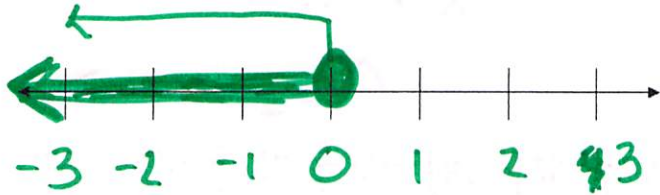
$$10x - 3x - 8 \leq -8 + 6x$$

$$7x - 8 \leq -8 + 6x$$

$$7x \leq 6x$$

$$-6x \leq -6x$$

$$x \leq 0$$



$$5a - 2(a - 15) < 10$$

$$5a - 2a + 30 < 10$$

$$3a + 30 < 10$$

$$\frac{3a}{3} < \frac{-20}{3}$$

$$a < -6\frac{2}{3}$$

