

Solve each of the following equations for the given variable. Record your answers in the table, place all work and checks on additional paper.

$3x + 2x - 4 = 14$	$\frac{2x}{5} + \frac{x}{7} = 3$
$15 = \frac{-m}{3} - 3$	$\frac{1}{x} = \frac{3}{x-2}$
$\frac{1}{2}(18 - 5x) = \frac{1}{3}(6 - 4x)$	$9 + 5n = 5n - 1$
$\frac{5}{3}q + \frac{1}{3}q = 13\frac{1}{3} + \frac{8}{3}q$	$-3(b - 4) = -24$
$0.5x + 8.75 = 13.25$	$7x - [4x - 3(x - 1)] = x + 12$
$x(1 - x) + 2x - 4 = 8x - 24 - x^2$	$10 - 8a = 2(5 - 4a)$
$\frac{2}{3}x - \frac{5}{8}x = 26$	$\frac{3}{4}x - 2 = 10 + 0.75x$
$x^2 + 7 = 88$	$2\sqrt{x} - 3 = 21$
$x^3 = \frac{8}{125}$	$\frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{3} + 5 = 7$

1)

$$3x + 2x - 4 = 14$$

$$5x - 4 = 14$$

$$+4 \quad +4$$

$$\frac{5x}{5} = \frac{18}{5}$$

$$x = 3\frac{3}{5}$$

2)

$$\frac{2x}{5} + \frac{5x}{7} = 3$$

$$\frac{14x}{35} + \frac{5x}{35} = \frac{3}{1}$$

$$\frac{19x}{35} = \frac{3}{1}$$

$$\frac{105}{19} = \frac{19x}{19}$$

$$5.5 = x$$

$$3) \quad 15 = \frac{-m}{3} - 3$$
$$\quad \quad \quad +3 \quad \quad \quad +3$$

$$3 \cdot 15 = -\frac{m}{3} \cdot 3$$

$$\frac{54}{-1} = \frac{+m}{-1}$$

$$-54 = m$$

4)

$$\frac{1}{x} = \frac{3}{x-2}$$

$$\frac{3x}{-x} = \frac{x-2}{-x}$$

$$\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{-2}{2}$$

$$x = -1$$

$$5) \frac{1}{2}(18 - 5x) = \frac{1}{3}(6 - 4x)$$

$$9 - \frac{5}{2}x = 2 - \frac{4}{3}x$$

CO:
6

$$\frac{54}{6} - \frac{15}{6}x = \frac{12}{6} - \frac{8}{6}x$$

$$+ \frac{15}{6}x \qquad + \frac{15}{6}x$$

$$\frac{54}{6} = \frac{12}{6} + \frac{7}{6}x$$

$$- \frac{12}{6} \qquad - \frac{12}{6}$$

$$\frac{42}{6} = \frac{7}{6}x$$

$$\boxed{6 = x}$$

$$6) \begin{array}{r} 9 + 5n = 5n + 1 \\ -5n \quad -5n \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$9 = -1$$

No

SOLUTION

$$7) \quad \frac{5}{3}q + \frac{1}{3}q = 13\frac{1}{3} + \frac{8}{3}q$$

$$\frac{6}{3}q = 13\frac{1}{3} + \frac{8}{3}q$$

$$-\frac{8}{3}q \quad \quad \quad -\frac{8}{3}q$$

$$-\frac{2}{3}q = 13\frac{1}{3}$$

~~$$\frac{-2q}{3} = \frac{40}{3}$$~~

$$\frac{120}{-6} = \frac{-6q}{-6}$$

$$\boxed{-20 = q}$$

$$8) \quad -3(b-4) = -24$$

$$-3b + 12 = -24$$

$$-12 \quad | \quad -12$$

$$-3b = \frac{-36}{-3}$$

$$\boxed{b = 12}$$

$$(11) \quad x(1-x) + 2x - 4 = 8x - 24 - x^2$$

$$x - x^2 + 2x - 4 = 8x - 24 - x^2$$

$$x + 2x - 4 = 8x - 24$$

$$3x - 4 = 8x - 24$$

$$3x + 20 = 8x$$

$$\frac{20}{5} = \frac{5x}{5}$$

$$\boxed{4 = x}$$

$$12) \quad 10 - 8a = 2(5 - 4a)$$

$$10 - 8a = 10 - 8a$$

Infinately
Many
Solutions

$$13) \quad \frac{8}{8} \left(\frac{2}{3} x \right) - \left(\frac{5}{8} x \right) \frac{3}{3} = 26$$

CO: 24

$$\frac{16x}{24} - \frac{15x}{24} = 26$$

$$24 \cdot \frac{x}{24} = 26 \cdot 24$$

$x = 624$

$$14) \quad \frac{3}{4} x - 2 = 10 + 0.75x$$

$$\frac{3}{4} x = 12 + 0.75x$$
$$-0.75x$$

$$0 = 12$$

No Solution

$$15) \quad \begin{array}{r} x^2 + 7 = 88 \\ -7 \quad -7 \\ \hline \sqrt{x^2} = \sqrt{81} \end{array}$$

$$\boxed{x = \pm 9}$$

$$16) \quad \begin{array}{r} 2\sqrt{x} - 3 = 21 \\ +3 \quad +3 \\ \hline \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{2} = \frac{24}{2} \\ (\sqrt{x})^2 = (12)^2 \end{array}$$

$$\boxed{x = 144}$$

$$17) \quad \begin{array}{r} \sqrt[3]{x^3} = \sqrt[3]{8} \\ \sqrt[3]{125} \end{array}$$

$$\boxed{x = \frac{2}{5}}$$

$$18) \quad \begin{array}{r} \sqrt[3]{x} + 5 = 7 \\ -5 \quad -5 \\ \hline 3 \cdot \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{3} = 2 \cdot 3 \\ (\sqrt[3]{x})^3 = (6)^3 \end{array}$$

$$\boxed{x = 216}$$