

Multiplication is shorthand for **Addition**

$$\underbrace{6+6+6+6+6+6+6}_{7 \cdot 6=42} = 42$$

Exponents are shorthand for **Multiplication**

$$6 \cdot 6 \cdot 6 \cdot 6 \cdot 6 \cdot 6 \cdot 6 = 6^7 = 279,936$$

$$\longrightarrow 2^4$$

Exponent means _____

Base means _____

Expand.

1. 4^3

2. 8^5

3. $2^4 \cdot 5^3$

Write the following using Exponents

4. $(3)(3)(3)(3)(3)$

5. $7 \cdot 7 \cdot 7$

6. $(9)(9)(9) + (6)(6)$

Evaluate the following using Order of Operations.

7. $5^2 + 3 \cdot 4$

8. $(4^2 + 3^3) - 5$

9. $4^3 \div (2^4 - 12)$

Multiplication is shorthand for **Addition**

$$\underbrace{6+6+6+6+6+6+6}_{7 \cdot 6=42} = 42$$

Exponents are shorthand for **Multiplication**

$$6 \cdot 6 \cdot 6 \cdot 6 \cdot 6 \cdot 6 \cdot 6 = 6^7 = 279,936$$

base \rightarrow 2^4 exponent

Exponent means number of time base is multiplied by itself

Base means the number being multiplied

Expand.

1. 4^3

$$4 \cdot 4 \cdot 4$$

2. 8^5

$$(8)(8)(8)(8)(8)$$

3. $2^4 \cdot 5^3$

$$(2)(2)(2)(2)(5)(5)(5)$$

Write the following using Exponents

4. $(3)(3)(3)(3)(3)$

$$3^5$$

5. $7 \cdot 7 \cdot 7$

$$7^3$$

6. $(9)(9)(9) + (6)(6)$

$$9^3 + 6^2$$

Evaluate the following using Order of Operations.

7. $5^2 + 3 \cdot 4$

$$\begin{aligned} & 25 + 3 \cdot 4 \\ & 25 + 12 \\ & \underline{\quad} \\ & (37) \end{aligned}$$

8. $(4^2 + 3^3) - 5$

$$\begin{aligned} & (16 + 27) - 5 \\ & 43 - 5 \\ & \underline{\quad} \\ & (38) \end{aligned}$$

9. $4^3 \div (2^4 - 12)$

$$\begin{aligned} & 4^3 \div (16 - 12) \\ & 4^3 \div 4 \\ & \underline{\quad} \\ & 64 \div 4 \\ & \underline{\quad} \\ & (16) \end{aligned}$$