

## 7-3 Solving Systems by Elimination

If we have a system of equations and both equations are in  $y = mx + b$  like:  $y = \frac{2}{3}x + 4$   
 $y = -4x - 3$

We should solve the system by using the Graphing method!!

If we have a system of equations and one equation is solved for a variable like:  $y = -4x$   
 $2y + 5x = -3$

We should solve the system by using the Substitution method!!

However if we have a system of equations that looks like:  $3x - 5y = 8$   
 $2x + 5y = -3$

We should solve the system by using the Elimination method!!

With the Elimination Method we **ELIMINATE** one of the variables in order to have an equation with only one variable.

To see the process of Elimination in action, let's look at an equation with one variable and circle each time it happens.

$$\begin{array}{r} 3(x - 4) = 2x - 7 \\ 3x - 12 = 2x - 7 \\ \underline{-2x} \quad \quad \quad \underline{-2x} \\ x - 12 = -7 \\ \quad \quad \quad \underline{+12} \quad \quad \quad \underline{+12} \\ \quad \quad \quad x = 5 \end{array}$$

Notice both times we eliminate (cross out) a term the coefficients/numbers are:

\* Same in terms of **NUMBER** \*

\* Opposite in terms of **SIGN** \*

Are these terms ready to be eliminated??

If they are not we are allowed to **multiply a term(s) by something so they are!!**

$$\begin{array}{r} +4x \\ -4x \\ \hline 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -7y \\ +7y \\ \hline 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} +6x \quad 6x \\ 2(-3x) \quad -6x \\ \hline 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -2x \quad -2x \\ 2(+1x) \quad +2x \\ \hline 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} +6x \quad +6x \\ -1(+6x) \quad -6x \\ \hline 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -4(+2x) \quad -8x \\ +8x \quad +8x \\ \hline 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -2(-5x) \quad 10x \\ -10x \quad -10x \\ \hline 0 \end{array}$$

Challenge

$$\begin{array}{r} -2(3x) \quad -6x \\ 3(2x) \quad 6x \\ \hline 0 \end{array}$$

Ok so here we go....

<p>1. Eliminate</p> $\begin{array}{r} 6x - 5y = -9 \\ 2x + 5y = 17 \\ \hline 8x = 8 \\ \frac{8}{8} = \frac{8}{8} \\ \\ x = 1 \end{array}$	<p>2. Solve for other variable</p> $\begin{array}{r} 6x - 5y = -9 \\ 6(1) - 5y = -9 \\ 6 - 5y = -9 \\ -6 \quad -6 \\ \hline -5y = -15 \\ \frac{-5y}{-5} = \frac{-15}{-5} \\ y = 3 \end{array}$	<p>3. Check</p> $\begin{array}{r} (1, 3) \\ 2x + 5y = 17 \\ 2(1) + 5(3) = 17 \\ 17 = 17 \checkmark \end{array}$
<p>2.</p> $\begin{array}{r} 6x - 3y = 3 \rightarrow 6x - 3y = 3 \\ -1(6x - 5y = -3) \rightarrow -6x + 5y = 3 \\ \hline 2y = 6 \\ \frac{2y}{2} = \frac{6}{2} \\ \boxed{y = 3} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 6x - 3y = 3 \\ 6x - 3(3) = 3 \\ 6x - 9 = 3 \\ +9 \quad +9 \\ \hline 6x = 12 \\ \frac{6x}{6} = \frac{12}{6} \\ \boxed{x = 2} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} (2, 3) \\ 6x - 5y = -3 \\ 6(2) - 5(3) = -3 \\ -3 = -3 \checkmark \end{array}$

3.

$$\begin{aligned} 7(5x + y = 9) &\rightarrow 35x + 7y = 63 \\ 10x - 7y = -18 &\rightarrow 10x - 7y = -18 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 45x = 45 \\ \hline 45 \quad 45 \end{array}$$

$$\boxed{x = 1}$$

$$5(1) + y = 9$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5 + y = 9 \\ -5 \quad -5 \end{array}$$

$$\boxed{y = 4}$$

$$\boxed{(1, 4)}$$

$$10(1) - 7(4) = -18$$

$$10 - 28 = -18$$

$$-18 = -18 \checkmark$$

4. Test Worthy Question

$$\begin{aligned} 5(2x + 3y = 3) &\rightarrow 10x + 15y = 15 \\ -2(5x - 2y = 17) &\rightarrow -10x + 4y = -34 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 19y = -19 \\ \hline 19 \quad 19 \end{array}$$

$$\boxed{y = -1}$$

$$2x + 3(-1) = 3$$

$$2x - 3 = 3$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x = 6 \\ \hline 2 \quad 2 \end{array}$$

$$\boxed{x = 3}$$

$$\boxed{(3, -1)}$$

$$5(3) - 2(-1) = 17$$

$$15 + 2 = 17$$

$$17 = 17 \checkmark$$

<p>1. Eliminate one variable</p> $5x + 3y = 10$ $2x - 3y = 4$	<p>2. Solve for other variable</p>	<p>3. Check</p>
<p>1. Eliminate one variable</p> $5x - 3y = 9$ $x + 5y = 13$	<p>2. Solve for other variable</p>	<p>3. Check</p>
<p>1. Eliminate one variable</p> $4x + 2y = 14$ $7x - 3y = -8$	<p>2. Solve for other variable</p>	<p>3. Check</p>