Finition: The ratio of two numbers a and b, where b is not zero is the number $\frac{a}{b}$. (Also written a:b)

Definition: A *proportion* is an equation that states that two ratios are equal $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{c}{d}$ or a:b=c:d

The four numbers, a, b, c, and d are terms in the proportion. The first and fourth terms, a and d are the <u>extremes</u> of the proportion. The second and third terms, b and c, are the <u>means</u> of the proportion.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 & \underbrace{A : b = c : d} \\
 & \underbrace{b}
\end{array}$$
Extremes
$$\begin{array}{c}
 & \underbrace{a : b = c : d} \\
 & \underbrace{b}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 & \underbrace{a : b = c : d} \\
 & \underbrace{d}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 & \underbrace{ad = bc}
\end{array}$$

Cross-Product Property: The product of the extremes is equal to the product of the means.

In a proportion, the means may be interchanged and the extremes may be interchanged. The

proportion
$$\frac{4}{8} = \frac{11}{22}$$
 can be rewritten as $\frac{4}{11} = \frac{8}{22}$ or $\frac{22}{8} = \frac{11}{4}$.

de Mean Proportional (Geometric Mean)

If the two means of a proportion are equal, either mean is called the *mean proportional* or *geometric mean* between the first and fourth terms of the proportion.

In the proportion $\frac{2}{8} = \frac{8}{32}$, the number 8 is the geometric mean between 2 and 32.

Model Problems:

1. Find the mean proportional between the lengths 4 and 16.

$$\frac{4}{x} = \frac{x}{16}$$

$$x^2 = 64$$

Answer:
$$x = 8$$

Check:
$$\frac{4}{8} = \frac{8}{16}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

2. Find the geometric mean between the lengths 8 and 12.

$$\frac{8}{x} = \frac{x}{12}$$

$$x^2 = 96$$

$$x = \sqrt{96}$$

$$x = \sqrt{16} \cdot \sqrt{6}$$

Answer:
$$x = 4\sqrt{6}$$

Mixed Practice

- 1. Find the mean proportional between the lengths 6 and 16.
- 2. Find the geometric mean between the lengths 19 and 76.

3. You want to make a scale drawing of your bedroom to help you arrange your furniture. You decide on a scale of 3 in. = 2 ft. Your bedroom is a 12 ft.-by-15 ft. rectangle. What should be its dimensions in your scale drawing.

4. $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DEF$. If AB = 6, DE = 8, and DF = 12, find AC.

5. The sides of a triangle measure 2, 3, and 4. If the smallest side of a similar triangle measures 8, then find the measure of the largest side.

6. $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DEF$. If AB = 3, BC = 12, DE = x + 2, and EF = 18, find the value of x.

finition: The ratio of two numbers a and b, where b is not zero is the number $\frac{a}{b}$. (Also written a:b)

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$$a: b = c: d$$
Extremes
$$a = b = c$$

$$ad = bc$$

Cross-Product Property: The product of the extremes is equal to the product of the means.

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4 11 4 8 22 11

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$$x^2 = 64$$

$$x^2 = 96$$
Answer: $x = 8$

$$x = \sqrt{96}$$
Check: $\frac{4}{8} = \frac{8}{16}$

$$x = \sqrt{16} \cdot \sqrt{6}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$
 Answer: $x = 4\sqrt{6}$

Mixed Practice

1. Find the mean proportional between the lengths 6 and 16.

$$\frac{G}{X} = \frac{X}{16}$$

2. Find the geometric mean between the lengths 19 and 76.

$$\frac{19}{x} = \frac{x}{76}$$

$$\chi = 38$$

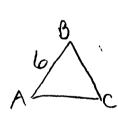
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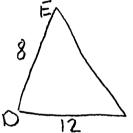
$$\frac{3 \text{ in}}{2 \text{ ft}} = \frac{x}{12 \text{ ft}}$$

$$\frac{3}{2} \text{ in } = \frac{x}{15 \text{ ft}}$$

18 in-by-22.5in

4. $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DEF$. If AB = 6, DE = 8, and DF = 12, find AC.



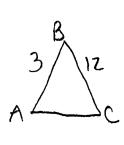


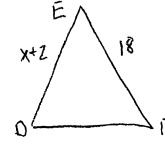
$$\frac{6}{8} = \frac{\lambda}{12}$$

5. The sides of a triangle measure 2, 3, and 4. If the smallest side of a similar triangle measures 8, then find the measure of the largest side.

$$\frac{2}{8} = \frac{4}{X}$$

6. $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DEF$. If AB = 3, BC = 12, DE = x + 2, and EF = 18, find the value of x.





$$\frac{3}{x+2} = \frac{12}{18}$$

$$\rightarrow 12x = 30$$

$$\boxed{x = 2.5}$$