RUSH - HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For Year Ended June 30, 2017

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Raymond F. Wager, CPA, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

Shareholders:

Raymond F. Wager, CPA Thomas J. Lauffer, CPA Thomas C. Zuber, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Members of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and New York State Society of Certified Public Accountants

To the Board of Education Rush-Henrietta Central School District, New York

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Rush-Henrietta Central School District, New York, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Rush-Henrietta Central School District, New York, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

As described in Note XII to the financial statements, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, an amendment of GASB No. 68. As a result, the beginning net position has been restated.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of changes in District's total OPEB liability and related ratio, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of District contributions, and budgetary comparison information on pages 4–13 and 48–52 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Rush-Henrietta Central School District, New York's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 7, 2017 on our consideration of the Rush-Henrietta Central School District, New York's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Rush-Henrietta Central School District, New York's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Raymond F. Warye, C.P.A. Pc. .

September 7, 2017

Rush Henrietta Central School District

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

The following is a discussion and analysis of the School District's financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. This section is a summary of the School District's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, and/or conditions. It is also based on both the government-wide and fund-based financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current year. This section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the School District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Financial Highlights

At the close of the fiscal year, the total assets (what the district owns) exceeded its total liabilities (what the district owes) by \$114,631,294 (net position) an increase of \$4,423,046 from the prior year. This increase is a result of increases in capital assets as a result of classroom additions.

As of the close of the fiscal year, the School District's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$55,184,921 a decrease of \$11,997,771 in comparison with the prior year. This decrease is a result of expenditures for the capital project classroom additions.

New York State Law limits the amount of unreserved fund balance that can be retained by the General Fund to 4% of the ensuing year's budget, exclusive of the amount designated for the subsequent year's budget. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$4,988,699 and this amount was within the statutory limit.

General revenues which include Real Property Taxes, Non Property Taxes, State and Federal Aid, Investment Earnings, Compensation for Loss, and Miscellaneous accounted for \$118,601,075 or 93% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of Charges for services and Operating Grants and Contributions accounted for \$8,923,942 or 7% of total revenues.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This management's discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School District's basic financial statements. The School District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains individual fund statements and schedules in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the School District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The *governmental* activities of the School District include instruction, pupil transportation, cost of food sales, general administrative support, community service, and interest on long-term debt.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on the pages immediately following this section as the first two pages of the basic financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All of the funds of the School District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the School District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The School District maintains five individual governmental funds; General Fund, Special Aid Fund, Debt Service Fund, School Lunch Fund, and Capital Projects Fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the special aid fund, and the capital projects fund which are reported as major funds. Data for the school lunch fund and the debt service fund are aggregated into a single column and reported as non-major funds.

The School District adopts and voters approve an annual budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund within the basic financial statements to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The *Fiduciary Funds* are used to account for assets held by the School District in an agency capacity which accounts for assets held by the School District on behalf of others. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of these funds are *not* available to support the School District's programs.

The financial statements for the governmental and fiduciary funds can be found in the basic financial statement section of this report.

	Major Feature of the District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements								
	Government-Wide	Fund Financi	al Statements						
	Statements	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds						
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the School District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance	Instances in which the School District administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as scholarship programs and student activities monies						
Required financial statements	Statement of net position Statement of activities	Balance sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance	Statement of fiduciary net position statement of changes in fiduciary net position						
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus						
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally, assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can.						
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid						

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found following the basic financial statement section of this report.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all the School District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position, the difference between the District's assets and liabilities, is one way to measure the District's financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively. Additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the school buildings and facilities must also be considered to assess the District's overall health.

All of the District's services are reported in the government-wide financial statements as governmental activities. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property taxes, federal and state aid, and investment earnings finance most of these activities.

Financial Analysis of the School District As A Whole

Net Position

The District's combined net position was larger on June 30, 2017, than they were the year before as shown in table below.

		Government	Total				
	<u>2017</u> <u>2016</u>				Variance		
ASSETS:							
Current and Other Assets	\$	65,384,381	\$	107,440,838	\$	(42,056,457)	
Capital Assets		94,625,785		76,668,145		17,957,640	
Total Assets	\$	160,010,166	\$	184,108,983	\$	(24,098,817)	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCE	S:						
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	32,004,086	\$	12,874,486		19,129,600	
LIABILITIES:							
Long-Term Debt Obligations	\$	64,393,310	\$	63,957,197	\$	436,113	
Other Liabilities	Ψ	9,935,203	Ψ	12,448,938	Ψ	(2,513,735)	
Total Liabilities	\$	74,328,513	\$	76,406,135	\$	(2,077,622)	
				-			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			_			<i>(</i> =	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	3,054,445		10,369,087	\$	(7,314,642)	
NET POSITION:							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	80,800,785	\$	60,883,145	\$	19,917,640	
Restricted For,							
Capital Projects		19,442,217		34,465,385		(15,023,168)	
Accrued Benefit Liability Reserve		3,849,581		1,523,952		2,325,629	
Capital Reserve		7,654,079		12,774,230		(5,120,151)	
Other Purposes		7,731,775		7,852,155		(120,380)	
Unrestricted		(4,847,143)		(7,290,620)		2,443,477	
Total Net Position	\$	114,631,294	\$	110,208,247	\$	4,423,047	

The District's financial position is the product of many factors.

By far, the largest component of the School District's net position (70%) reflects its investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The School District uses these capital assets to provide services to the students and consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the School District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

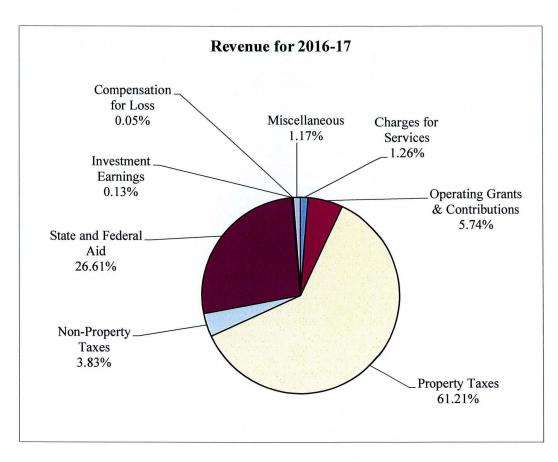
There are four restricted net position balances, Capital Projects, Accrued Benefit Liability Reserve, Capital Reserve, and Other Purposes. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position is a deficit of \$4,847,143.

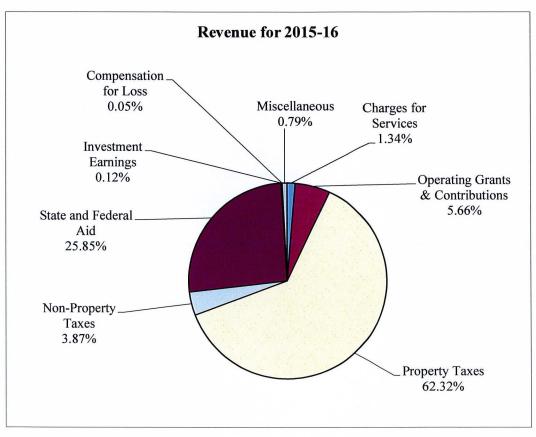
Changes in Net position

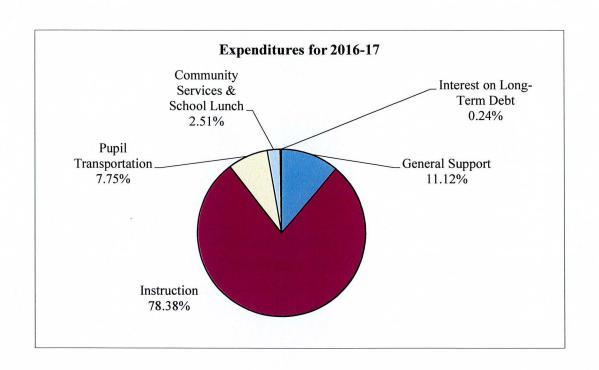
The District's total revenue increased 4% to \$127,525,017. State and federal aid 27% and property taxes 61% accounted for most of the District's revenue. The remaining 12% of the revenue comes from operating grants, charges for services, non property taxes, investment earnings, compensation for loss, and miscellaneous revenues.

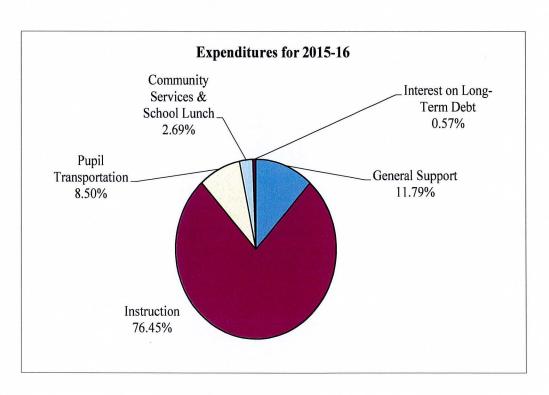
The total cost of all the programs and services increased 11% to \$122,676,971. The District's expenses are predominately related to education and caring for the students (Instruction) 78%. General support which included expenses associated with the operation, maintenance and administration of the District accounted for 11% of the total costs. See table below:

		Government	Total				
		2017		2016	Variance		
REVENUES:							
Program -							
Charges for Services	\$	1,609,051	\$	1,639,315	\$	(30,264)	
Operating Grants & Contributions		7,314,891		6,917,027		397,864	
Total Program	\$	8,923,942	\$	8,556,342	\$	367,600	
General -							
Property Taxes	\$	78,054,653	\$	76,221,926	\$	1,832,727	
Non-Property Taxes		4,886,904		4,734,084		152,820	
State and Federal Aid		33,940,164		31,615,031		2,325,133	
Investment Earnings		159,707		151,739		7,968	
Compensation for Loss		69,297		65,783		3,514	
Miscellaneous		1,490,350		965,366		524,984	
Total General	\$	118,601,075	\$	113,753,929	\$	4,847,146	
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	127,525,017	\$	122,310,271	\$	5,214,746	
SPECIAL ITEM:							
Advance Refunding	_\$_	(425,000)	_\$_		_\$_	(425,000)	
EXPENSES:							
General Support	\$	13,645,780	\$	13,003,265	\$	642,515	
Instruction		96,153,722		84,349,915		11,803,807	
Pupil Transportation		9,504,728		9,373,528		131,200	
Community Services		219,007		201,515		17,492	
School Lunch		2,861,532		2,771,669		89,863	
Interest on Long-Term Debt		292,202		637,237		(345,035)	
TOTAL EXPENSES	\$	122,676,971	\$	110,337,129	\$	12,339,842	
NET INCREASE IN NET POSITION	_\$_	4,423,046	\$	11,973,142	_\$_	(7,550,096)	









Financial Analysis of the School District's Funds

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$55,184,921 which is less than last year's ending fund balance of \$67,182,692.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current year, the total fund balance of the General Fund was \$29,063,378. Fund balance for the General Fund decreased by \$2,809,417 compared with the prior year. See table below:

General Fund Balances:	<u> 2017</u>		<u>2016</u>	Variance		
Restricted	\$	19,045,823	\$ 21,834,586	\$	(2,788,763)	
Assigned		5,028,856	5,240,804		(211,948)	
Unassigned		4,988,699_	4,797,405		191,294	
Total General Fund Balances	\$	29,063,378	\$ 31,872,795	\$	(2,809,417)	

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The difference between the original budget and the final amended budget was \$9,240,804. This change is attributable to \$2,240,804 of carryover encumbrances from the 2015-16 school year and \$7,000,000 for funding of 2018 building project from capital reserve.

The key factors for budget variances in the general fund are listed below along with explanations for each.

Expenditure Items:	Budget Variance Original Vs. Amended	Explanation for Budget Variance
Teaching-Regular School	(\$863,094)	Employee attrition and unpaid leave
Programs for Children with		Significant number of high needs students moving into
Handicapping Conditions	\$1,193,319	the district
Instructional Media	(\$561,362)	Timing of infrastructure purchases
Pupil Transportation	(\$906,005)	Low fuel prices and reduced contracted services
Transfers-Out	\$8,728,334	Transfer from capital reserve to capital projects

Revenue Items:	Budget Variance Amended Vs. Actual	Explanation for Budget Variance
Real Property Tax Items	\$565,100	PILOT payments higher than budgeted
State Sources	\$760,920	Tuition reimbursement for state agency placed students
	Budget Variance Amended Vs.	
Expenditure Items:	Actual	Explanation for Budget Variance
Central Services	\$709,183	Utility favorability and postponed reconfiguration expenses
Teaching-Regular School	\$805,932	Unpaid employee leaves and textbook printing
Instructional Media	\$620,415	Position vacancies and delayed infrastructure spending
Employee Benefits	\$1,228,638	Retiree health insurance payments offsetting expense

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

By the end of the 2016-17 fiscal year, the District had invested \$94,625,785 in a broad range of capital assets. The change in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, is reflected below:

	2017	2016
Land	\$ 1,686,918	\$ 1,686,918
Work in Progress	19,562,528	5,472,461
Buildings and Improvements	63,126,803	62,559,935
Machinery and Equipment	10,249,536	6,948,831
Total	\$94,625,785	\$76,668,145

Long-Term Debt

At year end, the District had \$64,393,310 in general obligation bonds and other long-term debt outstanding as follows:

<u>Type</u>	<u> 2017</u>		<u>2016</u>
Serial Bonds	\$ 13,825,000	\$	15,785,000
OPEB	39,508,793		39,220,728
Net Pension Liability	6,932,104		7,193,982
Compensated Absences	 4,127,413		1,757,486
Total Long-Term Obligations	 64,393,310	_\$_	63,957,196

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

State Law Chapter 97, which established a property tax levy cap, was enacted in 2011. Levy growth, which accounts for 62% of total district revenue, is limited to the lesser of two percent or the annual increase in CPI. State regulated collective bargaining agreements and special education costs are rising faster than two percent so the District anticipates budget constraints for the foreseeable future since there has been no meaningful mandate relief by the state.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the following:

Rush Henrietta Central School District
Parker Administration Building
2034 Lehigh Station Road
Henrietta, New York 14467
Attn: Mr. Andrew Whitmore
Assistant Superintendent for School Finance & Operations

RUSH - HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2017

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>				
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	60,232,165			
Accounts receivable		5,069,743			
Inventories		82,473			
Capital Assets:					
Land		1,686,918			
Work in progress		19,562,528			
Other capital assets (net of depreciation)		73,376,339			
TOTAL ASSETS	_\$_	160,010,166			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred outflows of resources		32,004,086_			
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$	1,840,590			
Accrued liabilities		1,008,284			
Unearned revenues		1,080,041			
Due to other governments		223			
Due to teachers' retirement system		5,354,569			
Due to employees' retirement system		651,496			
Long-Term Obligations:					
Due in one year		2,586,053			
Due in more than one year		61,807,257			
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	74,328,513			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred inflows of resources	\$	3,054,445			
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	\$	80,800,785			
Restricted For:					
Capital projects		19,442,217			
Accrued benefit liability reserve		3,849,581			
Capital reserves		7,654,079			
Other purposes		7,731,775			
Unrestricted		(4,847,143)			
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	114,631,294			

RUSH-HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position For Year Ended June 30, 2017

							Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in		
			Program Revenues					Net Position	
			•	hawaa fau		Operating Frants and	•	overnmental	
Functions/Programs		Ewnonces	•	Charges for Services		ntributions	G		
Primary Government -		Expenses		<u>Services</u>	<u>C0</u>	inti ibutions		Activities	
General support	\$	13,645,780	\$	_	\$	-	\$	(13,645,780)	
Instruction		96,153,722		619,950		5,905,255	•	(89,628,517)	
Pupil transportation		9,504,728		, -		-		(9,504,728)	
Community services		219,007		_		-		(219,007)	
School lunch		2,861,532		989,101		1,409,636		(462,795)	
Interest		292,202		-		-		(292,202)	
Total Primary Government	\$	122,676,971	\$	1,609,051	\$	7,314,891	\$	(113,753,029)	
		ral Revenues:					\$	78,054,653	
		n property taxes					Ψ	4,886,904	
		e and federal a						33,940,164	
		estment earning						159,707	
		npensation for I						69,297	
		cellaneous						1,490,350	
Total General Revenues							\$	118,601,075	
	Speci	al Item:							
	Adv	vance refunding	5			•	_\$_	(425,000)	
Total General Revenues and Special Item							_\$_	118,176,075	
Changes in Net Position						\$	4,423,046		
	Net	Position, Begi	nnin	ng of Year (res	tated)			110,208,248	
Net Position, End of Year							\$	114,631,294	

RUSH-HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

June 30, 2017

ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Inventories Due from other funds TOTAL ASSETS	\$	General Fund 33,711,512 3,830,112 - 1,148,818 38,690,442	\$	Special Aid Fund 722,866 1,155,000 - 19,171 1,897,037	\$	Capital Projects Fund 25,212,767 - 354,934 25,567,701	Gov	onmajor ernmental Funds 585,020 84,631 82,473 11,723 763,847	Go \$	Total vernmental Funds 60,232,165 5,069,743 82,473 1,534,646 66,919,027
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALAN	CES	1								
<u>Liabilities</u> -										
Accounts payable	\$	1,692,970	\$	266	\$	144,279	\$	3,075	\$	1,840,590
Accrued liabilities		944,158		32,647				16,803		993,608
Due to other funds		385,828		1,148,818		_				1,534,646
Due to other governments		-		-		_		223		223
Due to TRS		5,354,569		_		_				5,354,569
Due to ERS		651,496		_		-		_		651,496
Compensated absences		278,933		_		_		=		278,933
Unearned revenue		319,110		715,306		_		45,625		1,080,041
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	9,627,064	\$	1,897,037	\$	144,279	\$	65,726	\$	11,734,106
TOTAL DIADIEITIES	Ψ.	7,027,004		1,077,037		144,277	Ψ	03,720	Ψ	11,754,100
Fund Balances -										
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	82,473	\$	82,473
Restricted		19,045,823		-		19,442,217		189,612		38,677,652
Assigned		5,028,856		-		5,981,205		426,036		11,436,097
Unassigned		4,988,699		-		-		_		4,988,699
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	\$	29,063,378	\$	-	\$	25,423,422	\$	698,121	\$	55,184,921
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND								<u> </u>		
FUND BALANCES	\$	38,690,442	\$	1,897,037	\$	25,567,701	\$	763,847		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Interest is accrued on outstanding bonds in the statement of net position									94,625,785	
bu	t not	in the funds.								(14,676)
The following long-term obligations are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds: Serial bonds payable OPEB Compensated absences										(13,825,000) (39,508,793) (3,848,480)
Deferred outflow - pension										31,215,778
Deferred outflow - OPEB										788,308
		ension liability								(6,932,104)
		red inflow - per								(1,742,734)
		red inflow - OF							_	(1,311,711)
Ne	t Pos	sition of Gover	nmen	tal Activities						114,631,294

RUSH-HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For Year Ended June 30, 2017

REVENUES		General <u>Fund</u>		Special Aid <u>Fund</u>		Capital Projects <u>Fund</u>		Nonmajor vernmental <u>Funds</u>	Go	Total overnmental <u>Funds</u>
Real property taxes and tax items	\$	78,054,653	\$		\$		\$	_	\$	78,054,653
Non-property taxes	Ф	4,886,904	Ф	-	Ф	-	Ф	-	Ф	4,886,904
				-		-		-		
Charges for services		619,950		-		-		1 205		619,950 159,707
Use of money and property		158,322		-		-		1,385		,
Sale of property and compensation for loss		69,297		-		-		1.020		69,297
Miscellaneous		1,489,320		545,809		•		1,030		2,036,159
Interfund revenues		34,245		-		-		-		34,245
State sources		33,640,127		3,021,998		-		46,625		36,708,750
Federal sources		300,037		2,337,448		-		1,363,011		4,000,496
Sales		-		-		-		989,101		989,101
Premium on obligations issued		<u> </u>				-		417,651		417,651
TOTAL REVENUES	_\$_	119,252,855		5,905,255				2,818,803		127,976,913
EXPENDITURES										
General support	\$	11,152,827	\$	-	\$	-	\$	122,965	\$	11,275,792
Instruction		62,040,915		5,839,734		-		-		67,880,649
Pupil transportation		6,020,922		255,740		3,991,793		-		10,268,455
Community services		158,283		· -		· · ·		-		158,283
Employee benefits		26,642,674		137,998		_		561,302		27,341,974
Debt service - principal				, <u>-</u>		-		2,385,000		2,385,000
Debt service - interest				_		-		302,545		302,545
Cost of sales		_		-		_		1,176,782		1,176,782
Other expenses		_		_		-		932,658		932,658
Capital outlay		_		_		17,957,860		-		17,957,860
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	106,015,621	\$	6,233,472	\$		\$	5,481,252	\$	139,679,998
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES										
OVER EXPENDITURES	_\$_	13,237,234	_\$_	(328,217)	\$	(21,949,653)	_\$_	(2,662,449)	_\$_	(11,703,085)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers - in	\$	-	\$	328,217	\$	12,907,690	\$	2,810,744	\$	16,046,651
Transfers - out		(16,046,651)		-		-		-		(16,046,651)
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		-		-		-		(9,419,686)		(9,419,686)
Proceeds from advanced refunding		-		-		-		9,125,000		9,125,000
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING										
SOURCES (USES)	_\$_	(16,046,651)	\$	328,217	_\$	12,907,690	_\$_	2,516,058	_\$	(294,686)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	S	(2,809,417)	\$		\$	(9,041,963)	\$	(146,391)	\$	(11,997,771)
	Ð	-	Ф	-	•	(, , ,	Þ	` ' '	Φ	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		31,872,795		-		34,465,385	_	844,512		67,182,692
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	29,063,378				25,423,422		698,121		55,184,921

RUSH - HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Statement of Activities

For Year Ended June 30, 2017

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES -TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

\$ (11,997,771)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The following are the amounts by which capital outlays and additions of assets exceeded depreciation in the current period:

Capital Outlay	\$ 17,957,860
Additions to Assets, Net	4,506,273
Depreciation	(4,506,493)

17,957,640

Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position. The following details these items as they effect the governmental activities:

Debt Repayments	\$ 2,385,000
Advanced Refunding	(425,000)

1,960,000

In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.

10,343

The net OPEB liability does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.

(811,468)

(Increase) decrease in proportionate share of net pension asset/liability reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds

Teachers' Retirement System 149,955 Employees' Retirement System (519,846)

In the Statement of Activities, vacation pay, teachers' retirement incentive and judgments and claims are measured by the amount accrued during the year. In the governmental funds, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount actually paid. The following provides the differences of these items as presented in the governmental activities:

Compensated Absences

(2,325,807)

CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

\$ 4,423,046

RUSH-HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2017

	_	Private Purpose <u>Trust</u>	Agency Funds
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	194,862	\$ 5,023,323
Investments		40,498	-
Receivable from general fund		-	146,542
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	235,360	\$ 5,169,865
LIABILITIES			
Extraclassroom activity balances	\$	-	\$ 159,941
Other liabilities - HRA accounts for employees and retirees		-	3,515,181
Other liabilities - Post employment benefit for employees		-	1,047,665
Other liabilities		-	447,078
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$		\$ 5,169,865
NET POSITION			
Restricted for scholarships	\$	235,360	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	235,360	

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Private Purpose		
		<u>Trust</u>	
ADDITIONS			
Contributions	\$	52,418	
Investment earnings		9,261	
TOTAL ADDITIONS	\$	61,679	
DEDUCTIONS			
Scholarships and donations	\$	25,701	
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	\$	25,701	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	35,978	
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR		199,382	
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	235,360	

RUSH - HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Notes To The Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Rush-Henrietta Central School District, New York (the District) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The Rush-Henrietta Central School District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of seven members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB Statement 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement 39, *Component Units*. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief review of certain entities included in the District's reporting entity.

1. Extraclassroom Activity Funds

The extraclassroom activity funds of the District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The extraclassroom activity funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions, and the designation of student management. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the extraclassroom activity funds can be found at the District's business office. The District accounts for assets held as an agency for various student organizations in an agency fund.

B. <u>Joint Venture</u>

The District is a component of the First Supervisory District of Monroe County Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). The BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

(I.) (Continued)

BOCES are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (§1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n(a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program, and capital costs. Each component school district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment as defined in Education Law, Section 1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

During the year, the District was billed \$15,341,939 for BOCES administrative and program costs.

The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$2,917,633.

Financial statements for the BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative office.

C. Basis of Presentation

1. <u>Districtwide Statements</u>

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, state aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and non-exchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital specific grants.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

2. Fund Statements

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following governmental funds:

a. Major Governmental Funds

<u>General Fund</u> - This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Special Aid Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as federal and state grants, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. These legal restrictions may be imposed either by governments that provide the funds, or by outside parties.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - Used to account for the acquisition construction or major repair of capital facilities or the purchase of buses.

b. <u>Nonmajor Governmental</u> - The other funds which are not considered major are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds as follows:

<u>School Lunch Fund</u> - Used to account for transactions of the District's lunch, breakfast and milk programs.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest on long-term obligations for governmental activities.

c. <u>Fiduciary</u> - Fiduciary activities are those in which the District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the District-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the District, and are not available to be used. There are two classes of fiduciary funds:

<u>Private Purpose Trust Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for trust arrangements in which principal and income benefit annual third party awards and scholarships for students. Established criteria govern the use of the funds and members of the District or representatives of the donors may serve on committees to determine who benefits.

Agency Funds - These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the District as agent for various student groups or extraclassroom activity funds and for payroll or employee withholding.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

(I.) (Continued)

The District-Wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measureable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within one year after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

E. Property Taxes

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than September 1, and become a lien on August 9, 2016. Taxes are collected during the period September 1 to October 31, 2016.

Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by the County of Monroe (the County), in which the District is located. An amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the County for enforcement is paid by the County to the District no later than the forthcoming April 1.

F. Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these notes.

G. Interfund Transactions

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowing. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditures and revenues to provide financing or other services.

(I.) (Continued)

In the District-wide statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Refer to Note VIII for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, expenditures, and revenues activity.

H. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of long-lived assets.

I. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

New York State Law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and Districts.

Investments are stated at fair value.

J. Receivables

Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts, when applicable.

No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

K. Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventories of food and/or supplies for school lunch are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis or, in the case of surplus food, at stated value which approximates market. Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and are considered immaterial in amount.

Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond year end. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the District-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the statement of net position or balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed.

L. Capital Assets

In the District-wide financial statements, capital assets are accounted for at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used to report capital assets. The range of estimated useful lives by type of assets is as follows:

	Cap	italization	Depreciation	Estimated
<u>Class</u>	<u>Tł</u>	<u>ireshold</u>	Method	Useful Life
Buildings	\$	50,000	SL	25-50 Years
Machinery and Equipment	\$	5,000	SL	5-20 Years

The investment in infrastructure type assets have not been segregated for reporting purposes since all costs associated with capital projects are consolidated and reported as additions to buildings and improvements.

M. Unearned Revenue

The District reports unearned revenues on its Statement of Net Position and its Balance Sheet. On the Statement of Net Position, unearned revenue arises when resources are received by the District before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the District has legal claim to resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

N. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditure) until then. The government has four items that qualify for reporting in this category. First is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The second item is related to pensions reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset or liability and difference during the measurement period between the District's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. The third item is the District contributions to the pension systems (TRS and ERS Systems) and OPEB subsequent to the measurement date. The fourth item relates to OPEB reporting in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the actual and expected experience.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has four items that qualify for reporting in this category. First arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting and is reported as unavailable revenue-property taxes. The second item is related to pensions reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension liability (ERS System) and difference during the measurement periods between the District's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. The third item is revenues from grants received that have met all other eligibility requirements except those related to time restrictions. The fourth item is related to OPEB reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect on the net changes of assumptions or other inputs.

O. <u>Vested Employee Benefits</u>

1. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated annual sick leave, vacation, and sabbatical time.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave.

The District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

Consistent with GASB Statement 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, the liability has been calculated using the vesting/termination method and an accrual for that liability is included in the District-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year end.

In the funds statements only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the General Fund based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are expensed on a pay-as-you-go basis.

P. Other Benefits

District employees participate in the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.

District employees may choose to participate in the District's elective deferred compensation plans established under Internal Revenue Code Sections 403(b) and 457.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides post-employment health coverage to retired employees in accordance with the provision of various employment contracts in effect at the time of retirement. Substantially all of the District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits may be shared between the District and the retired employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure.

Q. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the district-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, other postemployment benefits payable and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the funds financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

R. Equity Classifications

1. District-Wide Statements

In the District-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

- **a.** <u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, constructions or improvements of those assets.
- b. <u>Restricted Net Position</u> reports net position when constraints placed on the assets or deferred outflows of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

On the Statement of Net Position the following balances represent the restricted for other purposes:

		<u>Total</u>
Workers' Compensation	\$	1,989,991
Unemployment Costs		2,004,995
Retirement Contribution		2,020,285
Tax Certiorari		1,526,892
Debt		189,612
Total Net Position - Restricted for		
Other Purposes	_\$	7,731,775

c. <u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> - reports the balance of net position that does not meet the definition of the above two classifications and is deemed to be available for general use by the District.

2. Fund Statements

In the fund basis statements there are five classifications of fund balance:

- a. <u>Nonspendable Fund Balance</u> Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable fund balance includes the inventory for School Lunch Fund.
- b. Restricted Fund Balances Includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All encumbrances of funds other than the general fund are classified as restricted fund balance. The District has established the following restricted fund balances:

Capital Reserve - According to Education Law §3651, must be used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve fund requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve; the ultimate amount, its probable term and the source of the funds. Expenditures may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further authorized by the voters. The form for required legal notice for the vote on establishing and funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set forth in §3651 of the Education Law. The Reserve is accounted for in the General Fund under restricted fund balance. Year end balances are as follows:

Name	Maximum	To	otal Funding	1	Year End
of Reserve	Funding		Provided		Balance*
2016 Bus Reserve	\$ 12,000,000	\$	3,051,000	\$	3,715,484
2015 Capital Reserve	\$ 20,000,000	\$	20,000,000	\$	582,814
2016 Capital Reserve	\$ 15,000,000	\$	3,354,176	\$	3,355,781

^{*} Balances include income from interest earned on deposits which is excluded from maximum funding restriction.

Reserve for Debt Service - According to General Municipal Law §6-1, the Reserve for Debt Service must be established for the purpose of retiring the outstanding obligations upon the sale of District property or capital improvement that was financed by obligations that remain outstanding at the time of the sale. Also, earnings on project monies invested together with unused proceeds are reported here.

Retirement Contribution Reserve - According to General Municipal Law §6-r, must be used financing retirement contributions. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board.

Tax Certiorari Reserve - According to General Municipal Law §3651.1-a, must be used to establish a reserve fund for tax certiorari claims and to expend from the fund without voter approval. The monies held in the reserve shall not exceed the amount which might reasonably be deemed necessary to meet anticipated judgments and claims arising out of tax certiorari proceedings. Any resources deposited to the reserve which are not expended for tax certiorari proceeding in the year such monies are deposited must be returned to the General Fund on or before the first day of the fourth fiscal year after deposit of these monies.

<u>Unemployment Insurance Reserve</u> - According to General Municipal Law §6-m, must be used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund.

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve - According to General Municipal Law §6-p, must be used for the payment of accrued employee benefits due to an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated.

Workers' Compensation Reserve - According to General Municipal Law §6-j, must be used to pay for compensation benefits and other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law, and for payment of expenses of administering this self-insurance program. The reserve may be established by Board action, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget.

Encumbrances - Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments of expenditures are recorded for budgetary control purposes in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is employed as a control in preventing over-expenditure of established appropriations. Open encumbrances are reported as restricted fund balance in all funds other than the General Fund and School Lunch Fund, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and will be honored through budget appropriations in the subsequent year.

Restricted fund balances include the following:

General Fund -	
Capital	\$ 7,654,079
Accrued Benefit Liability Reserve	3,849,581
Retirement Reserve	2,020,285
Tax Certiorari	1,526,892
Unemployment Insurance	2,004,995
Workers' Compensation	1,989,991
<u>Capital Fund -</u>	
Construction of Capital Assets	19,442,217
Debt Service Fund -	
Debt Service	 189,612
Total Restricted Funds	\$ 38,677,652

- **c.** <u>Committed</u> Includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the school districts highest level of decision making authority, i.e., the Board of Education. The District has no committed fund balances as of June 30, 2017.
- d. <u>Assigned Fund Balance</u> Includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. All encumbrances of the General Fund are classified as assigned fund balance. Encumbrances represent purchase commitments made by the District's purchasing agent through their authorization of a purchase order prior to year end. The District assignment is based on the functional level of expenditures.

Significant encumbrances for the general fund, management has determined that amounts in excess of \$146,000 are considered significant and are summarized below:

- Central Services \$483,925, Teaching \$535,098, and Instructional Media \$977,769

Assigned fund balances include the following:

Total Assigned Fund Balance	\$ 11,436,097
School Lunch Fund-Year End Equity	426,036
Capital Projects	5,981,205
General Fund-Appropriated for Taxes	2,850,000
General Fund-Encumbrances	\$ 2,178,856

e. <u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> – Includes all other general fund amounts that do not meet the definition of the above four classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the school district and could report a surplus or deficit. In funds other than the general fund, the unassigned classification is used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted or assigned.

NYS Real Property Tax Law 1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds a school district can retain to no more than 4% of the District's budget for the general fund for the ensuing fiscal year. Nonspendable and restricted fund balance of the general fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year and encumbrances are also excluded from the 4% limitation.

3. Order of Use of Fund Balance

The District's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, nonspendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined. Any remaining fund balance amounts for funds other than the general fund are classified as restricted fund balance. In the general fund, the remaining amounts are reported as unassigned. Assignments of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance.

T. New Accounting Standards

The District has adopted all current Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are applicable. At June 30, 2017, the District implemented the following new standards issued by GASB:

The GASB has issued Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 57, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68, effective for the year ended June 30, 2017.

GASB has issued Statement 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, effective for the year ending June 30, 2017. This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and Statement No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, for OPEB. Statement No. 74, Financial reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans.

(I.) (Continued)

The GASB has issued Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*, effective for the year ended June 30, 2017.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units-an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14, effective for the year ended June 30, 2017.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 82, Pension Issues-an amendment of GASB No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73, effective for the year ended June 30, 2017.

U. Future Changes in Accounting Standards

GASB has issued Statement 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, which will effective for the periods beginning after December 15, 2018.

GASB has issued Statement 85, *Omnibus 2017*, which will be effective for the periods beginning after June 15, 2017

GASB has issued Statement 86, Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues, which will be effective for the periods beginning after June 15, 2017.

GASB has issued Statement 87, *Leases*, which will be effective for the periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

The District will evaluate the impact each of these pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material.

II. Restatement of Net Position

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. The District's net position has been restated as follows:

	Districtwide Statements		
	Governmenta		
		<u>Activities</u>	
Net position beginning of year, as previously stated	\$	143,288,496	
Increase to OPEB liability		(33,080,249)	
Net position beginning of year, as restated	\$	110,208,247	

III. Changes in Accounting Principles

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The implementation of the statement requires Districts to report Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) liabilities, OPEB expense, and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB. See Note II for the financial statement impact of implementation of the Statements.

IV. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

By its nature as a local government unit, the District is subject to various federal, state and local laws and contractual regulations. An analysis of the District's compliance with significant laws and regulations and demonstration of its stewardship over District resources follows.

A. Budgets

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the General Fund.

The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget.

Appropriations established by adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) which may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments approved by the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restriction, if the Board approves them because of a need which exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. During the 2016-17 fiscal year, the budget was increased \$2,240,804 for carryover encumbrances from the prior year and \$7,000,000 to fund the 2018 building project from the capital reserve.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

Budgets are established and used for individual capital projects fund expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

B. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year end are presented as reservations of fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

V. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. While the District does not have a specific policy for custodial credit risk, New York State statutes govern the District's investment policies, as discussed previously in these notes.

(V.) (Continued)

The District's aggregate bank balances (disclosed in the financial statements), included balances not covered by depository insurance at year end, collateralized as follows:

Total	 67,770,150
financial institution	 67,770,150
Collateralized with securities held by the pledging	
Uncollateralized	\$ -

Restricted cash represents cash where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets represent amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes. Restricted cash as of year end includes \$38,677,652 within the governmental funds and \$194,862 in the fiduciary funds.

VI. <u>Investments</u>

The District has few investments (primarily donated scholarship funds), and chooses to disclose its investments by specifically identifying each. The District's investment policy for these investments is also governed by New York State statutes. Investments are stated at fair value, and are categorized as either:

- A. Insured or registered, or investments held by the District's agent in the District's name, or
- **B.** Uninsured and unregistered, with the investments held by the financial institutes trust department in the District's name, or
- C. Uninsured and unregistered, with investments held by the financial institution or its trust department, but not in the District's name.

		Carrying	Type of		
<u>Investment</u>	<u>Fund</u>	Amount	Investment	Category	
482 shares of Eastman Chemical	Trust and Agency	\$ 40,498	Equities	Α	

The District does not purchase stocks. These shares were donated to the District several years ago to support student scholarships.

VII. Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2017 for individual major funds and nonmajor funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities							
	General		Special Aid		Non-Major			
Description	Fund		Fund		<u>Funds</u>		<u>Total</u>	
Accounts Receivable	\$	55,786	\$	-	\$	173	\$	55,959
Due From State and Federal		1,319,593		1,155,000		84,458		2,559,051
Due From Other Governments		2,454,733		_				2,454,733
Total	\$	3,830,112	\$	1,155,000	\$	84,631	\$	5,069,743

District management has deemed the amounts recorded to be fully collectible.

VIII. Interfund Receivables, Payables, Revenues and Expenditures

Interfund Receivables, Payables, Revenues and Expenditures at June 30, 2017 were as follows:

	Inte	rfund	Interfund					
	Receivables	Payables	Revenues	Expenditures				
General Fund	\$ 1,148,818	\$ 385,828	\$ -	\$ 16,046,651				
Special Aid Fund	19,171	1,148,818	328,217	-				
Debt Service Fund	-	-	2,560,463	_				
School Lunch Fund	11,723	-	250,281	-				
Capital Fund	354,934	-	12,907,690					
Total government activities	\$ 1,534,646	\$ 1,534,646	\$ 16,046,651	\$ 16,046,651				

Interfund receivables and payables between governmental activities are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues. All interfund payables are not necessarily expected to be repaid within one year.

Transfers are used to finance certain special aid programs, support capital project expenditures, school lunch programs and debt service expenditures.

IX. <u>Long-Term Assets</u>

A. Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activity were as follows:

<u>Type</u>	Balance 7/1/2016		Additions		Deletions		Balance <u>6/30/2017</u>	
Governmental Activities:								
Capital assets that are not depreciated	<u>-</u>							
Land	\$	1,686,918	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,686,918
Work in progress		5,472,461		17,957,860		(3,867,793)		19,562,528
Total Nondepreciable	\$	7,159,379	\$	17,957,860	\$	(3,867,793)	\$	21,249,446
Capital assets that are depreciated -								
Buildings and improvements	\$	129,862,742	\$	3,870,320	\$	-	\$	133,733,062
Machinery and equipment		13,420,994		4,673,389		(1,973,726)		16,120,657
Total Depreciated Assets	\$	143,283,736	\$	8,543,709	\$	(1,973,726)	\$	149,853,719
Less accumulated depreciation -								
Buildings and improvements	\$	67,302,807	\$	3,303,452	\$	-	\$	70,606,259
Machinery and equipment		6,472,163		1,203,041		(1,804,083)		5,871,121
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	73,774,970	\$	4,506,493	\$	(1,804,083)	\$	76,477,380
Total capital assets depreciated, net								
of accumulated depreciation	_\$_	69,508,766	\$	4,037,216	\$	(169,643)	\$	73,376,339
Total Capital Assets	\$	76,668,145	\$	21,995,076	\$	(4,037,436)	\$	94,625,785

Depreciation expense for the period was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General government support	\$ 535,787
Instruction	2,630,723
Pupil transportation	1,180,155
School lunch	 159,828
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 4,506,493

B. <u>Deferred Outflow of Resources</u>

Deferred Outflows

Deferred outflow - OPEB	\$ 788,308
Deferred outflow - pension	25,657,763
Deferred outflow - contributions subsequent	
to measurement date:	
ERS	651,496
TRS	4,906,519
Total Deferred Outflows	\$ 32,004,086

X. <u>Long-Term Debt Obligations</u>

A. Long-Term Liability

The balances and activity for the year are summarized below:

	Balance			Balance	D	ue Within
Governmental Activities:	<u>7/1/2016</u>	<u>Additions</u>	Deletions	6/30/2017	9	One Year
Bonds and Notes Payable -						
Serial Bonds	\$ 15,785,000	\$ 9,125,000	\$ 11,085,000	\$ 13,825,000	\$	1,345,000
Other Liabilities -	 			 <u>, ,</u>		
OPEB	\$ 39,220,728	\$ 288,065	\$ -	\$ 39,508,793	\$	-
Net Pension Liability	7,193,982	-	261,878	6,932,104		-
Compensated Absences	1,757,486	 2,369,927	 	 4,127,413		1,241,053
Total Other Liabilities	\$ 48,172,196	\$ 2,657,992	\$ 261,878	\$ 50,568,310	\$	1,241,053
Total Long-Term						
Obligations	\$ 63,957,196	\$ 11,782,992	\$ 11,346,878	\$ 64,393,310	\$	2,586,053

The General Fund has typically been used to liquidate long-term liabilities such as compensated absences.

B. <u>Deferred Inflow of Resources</u>

Total Deferred Inflows	\$ 3,054,445
Deferred inflow - OPEB	 1,311,711
Deferred inflow - pension	\$ 1,742,734

C. Existing serial and statutory bond obligations:

<u>Purpose</u>	Issue <u>Date</u>	Final <u>Maturity</u>	Interest <u>Rate</u>	Amount Outstanding 6/30/2017
Serial Bonds -				
Refunding	2014	2024	2.00%-3.00%	\$ 3,150,000
Construction & Reconstruction	2009	2028	3.5%-4.75%	1,675,000
Refunding	2017	2028	1.00%-4.00%	 9,000,000
Total Serial Bonds				\$ 13,825,000

D. The following is a summary of debt service requirements:

	 Serial Bonds						
<u>Year</u>	Principal		Interest				
2017-18	\$ 1,345,000	\$	352,213				
2018-19	1,390,000		308,163				
2019-20	1,435,000		263,394				
2020-21	1,475,000		216,594				
2021-22	1,405,000		185,756				
2022-27	5,690,000		512,538				
2027-28	 1,085,000		24,413				
Total	\$ 13,825,000	\$	1,863,071				

On November 22, 2016, the District issued \$9,125,000 in general obligation bonds with an average interest rate of 2.35% to advance refund \$8,700,000 of outstanding serial bonds with an average interest rate of 3.75%. The net proceeds of \$9,542,651 (after payment of \$122,965 in underwriting fees, insurance and other issuance costs) were used to purchase United States government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the bonds. As a result, the bonds are considered to be defeased, and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the District's financial statements. The District advance refunded the bonds to revise its payment schedules due to changes in New York State's aid payment schedules. The economic gain (the difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) is approximately \$1,272,684.

In prior years, the District defeased certain general obligations and other bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements. \$3,980,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

Interest on long-term debt for June 30, 2017 was composed of:

Total interest expense	\$ 292,202
Plus: interest accrued in the current year	 14,676
<u>Less:</u> interest accrued in the prior year	(25,019)
Interest paid	\$ 302,545

XI. Pension Plans

A. General Information

The District participates in the New York State Teacher's Retirement System (TRS) and the New York State and Local Employee's Retirement System (ERS). These are cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement systems. The Systems offer a wide range of plans and benefits, which are related to years of service and final average salary, vesting of retirement benefits, death, and disability.

B. Provisions and Administration

A 10 member Board of Trustees of the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board administers TRS. TRS provides benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (NYSRSSL). Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in TRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the system, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that contains financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to NYRS, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, New York 12211-2395 or by referring to the TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial report, which can be found on the System's website at www.nystrs.org.

ERS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. NYSRSSL govern obligations of employers and employees to contribute, and benefits to employees. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. ERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to NYSERS, Office of the State Comptroller, 110 State Street, Albany, New York 12244 or by referring to the ERS Comprehensive Annual Report, which can be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php.

C. Funding Policies

The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3 percent of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3.0 to 3.5 percent of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS tier VI vary based on a sliding salary scale. For TRS, contribution rates are established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law. For ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions for the ERS' fiscal year ended March 31. The District paid 100% of the required contributions as billed by the TRS and ERS for the current year and each of the two preceding years.

(XI.) (Continued)

The District's share of the required contributions, based on covered payroll paid for the District's year ended June 30, 2017:

Contributions	ERS	<u>TRS</u>
2017	\$ 2,028,501	\$ 5,354,569

D. <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and</u> Deferred Inflows of Resources related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the District reported the following asset/(liability) for its proportionate share of the net pension asset /(liability) for each of the Systems. The net pension asset/(liability) was measured as of March 31, 2017 for ERS and June 30, 2016 for TRS. The total pension asset/(liability) used to calculate the net pension asset/(liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation. The District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability) was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the TRS and ERS Systems in reports provided to the District.

	$\underline{\mathbf{ERS}}$	<u>TRS</u>
Measurement date	March 31, 2017	June 30, 2016
Net pension assets/(liability)	\$ (4,064,389)	\$ (2,867,715)
District's portion of the Plan's total		
net pension asset/(liability)	0.0432556%	0.267750%

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the District recognized pension expenses of \$1,976,432 for ERS and \$4,722,114 for TRS. At June 30, 2017 the District's reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred of Re				Deferre of Re		
		ERS		TRS	E	ERS		TRS
Differences between expended and								
actual experience	\$	101,850	\$	_	\$ 6	17,201	\$	931,595
Changes of assumptions		1,388,544		16,336,330		-		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan								
investments		811,823		6,448,131		-		-
Changes in proportion and differences between the District's contributions and								
proportionate share of contributions		559,337		11,748		50,984		142,954_
Subtotal	\$	2,861,554	\$	22,796,209	\$ 6	68,185	\$	1,074,549
District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date		651,496		4,906,519		-		_
	_				• ((0.105	Φ.	1 074 540
Grand Total		3,513,050	<u>\$</u>	27,702,728	\$ 6	68,185		1,074,549

(XI.) (Continued)

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year</u>	ERS	<u>TRS</u>
2017	\$ -	\$ 1,973,198
2018	937,408	1,973,198
2019	937,408	6,980,995
2020	813,023	5,422,923
2021	(494,469)	2,475,546
Thereafter		2,895,800
Total	\$ 2,193,370	\$ 21,721,660

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>
Measurement date	March 31, 2017	June 30, 2016
Actuarial valuation date	e April 1, 2016	June 30, 2015
Interest rate	7.00%	7.50%
Salary scale	3.80%	4.01% - 10.91%
Decrement tables	April 1, 2010- March 31, 2015 System's Experience	July 1, 2009- June 30, 2014 System's Experience
Inflation rate	2.50%	2.50%
COLA's	1.30%	1.50%

For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2014 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on MP-2017. For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on plan member experience adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale AA.

The long term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by each the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized as follows:

Long Term Expected Rate of Return

	ERS	TRS
Measurement date	March 31, 2017	June 30, 2016
Asset Type -		
Cash	-0.25%	•
Inflation-index bonds	1.50%	-
Domestic equity	4.55%	6.10%
International equity	6.35%	7.30%
Real estate	5.80%	5.40%
Alternative investments	0.00%	9.20%
Domestic fixed income securities	0.00%	1.00%
Global fixed income securities	0.00%	0.80%
Bonds/mortgages	1.31%	3.10%
Short-term	0.00%	0.01%
Private equity	7.75%	-
Absolute return strategies	4.00%	-
Opportunistic portfolios	5.89%	-
Real assets	5.54%	-

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 7% for ERS and 7.5% for TRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

G. <u>Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption</u>

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7% for ERS and 7.5% for TRS, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentagepoint lower (6% for ERS and 6.5% for TRS) or 1-percentagepoint higher (8% for ERS and 8.5% for TRS) than the current rate:

ERS Employer's proportionate share of the net pension	1% Decrease (6%)	Current Assumption (7%)	1% Increase (<u>8%)</u>
asset (liability)	\$ (12,980,855)	\$ (4,064,389)	\$ 3,474,465
TRS Employer's proportionate	1% Decrease (6.5%)	Current Assumption (7.5%)	1% Increase (8.5%)
share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$ (37,415,859)	\$ (2,867,715)	\$ 26,109,457

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current year net pension asset/(liability) of the employers as of the respective valuation dates, were as follows:

	(In Tho	usands)
	ERS	TRS
Measurement date	March 31, 2017	June 30, 2016
Employers' total pension liability	\$ 177,400,586	\$ 108,577,184
Plan net position	168,004,363	107,506,142
Employers' net pension asset/(liability)	\$ (9,396,223)	\$ (1,071,042)
Ration of plan net position to the		
employers' total pension asset/(liability)	94.70%	99.01%

I. Payables to the Pension Plan

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2017 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2017 through June 30, 2017 based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2017 amounted to \$651,496.

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 are paid to the System in September, October and November 2017 through a state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2017 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS System. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2017 amounted to \$5,354,569.

XII. Postemployment Benefits

A. General Information About the OPEB Plan

Plan Description – The District's defined benefit OPEB plan, provides OPEB for all permanent full-time general and public safety employees of the District. The plan is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the District Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Benefits Provided – The District provides healthcare and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents. The benefit terms are dependent on which contract each employee falls under. The specifics of each contract are on file at the District offices and are available upon request.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – At March 31, 2017, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries	
currently receiving benefit payments	357
Active Employees	1,100
Total	1,457

B. Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$39,508,793 was measured as of March 31, 2017, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.2 percent
Salary Increases	3.31 percent, average, including inflation
Discount Rate	3.8 percent
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	5.2 percent for 2016, increasing to 6.4 percent by 2019, and then decreasing incrementally to an ultimate rate 3.8 percent
Retirees' Share of Benefit-Related Costs	45 percent of projected health insurance premiums for retirees

The discount rate was based on a high quality tax-exempt general obligation municipal bond yield or index rate.

2015 New York State Teachers Retirement System mortality rates for active members for all active employees.

2015 New York State Techers Retirement System mortality bas rates for service and deferred annuitants and beneficiaries, fully generational using Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2016 for retirees and surviving spouses.

C. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at June 30, 2016	_\$_	39,220,728
Changes for the Year -		
Service cost	\$	1,615,624
Interest		1,313,655
Differences between expected and actual experience		419,403
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		(1,437,837)
Benefit payments		(1,622,780)
Net Changes	\$	288,065
Balance at June 30, 2017	\$	39,508,793

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.35 percent in 2016 to 3.8 percent in 2017.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.8 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.8 percent) than the current discount rate:

	Discount			
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase	
	<u>(2.8%)</u>	(3.8%)	<u>(4.8%)</u>	
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 42,996,312	\$ 39,508,793	\$ 36,354,880	

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (4.3 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.3 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

		Healthcare	
	1% Decrease	Cost Trend Rates	1% Increase
	(4.3%	(5.3%	(6.3%
	Decreasing	Decreasing	Decreasing
	to 3.17%)	to 4.17%)	to 5.17%
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 37.619.548	\$ 39,508,793	\$ 41,954,292

D. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$2,839,943. At June 30, 2017, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expended and		_		
actual experience	\$	382,613	\$	_
Changes of assumptions				1,311,711
Total	\$	382,613	\$	1,311,711

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

<u>Year</u>	
2018	\$ (89,336)
2019	(89,336)
2020	(89,336)
2021	(89,336)
2022	(89,336)
Thereafter	 (482,418)
Total	\$ (929,098)

XIII. Risk Management

A. General Information

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to injuries to employees, theft, damages, natural disasters, etc. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past two years.

B. Health Plan

The District incurs costs related to the Rochester Area School Health Plan (Plan I and Plan II) sponsored by the Board of Cooperative Educational Services, Second Supervisory District of Monroe and Orleans Counties and its component districts. The Plans objectives are to formulate, develop and administer a program of insurance to obtain lower costs for that coverage, and to develop a comprehensive loss control program. Membership in the Plans may be offered to any component district of the Monroe #1 and Monroe #2 BOCES with the unanimous approval of the Board of Directors. Voluntary withdrawal from the Plans may be effective only once annually on the last day of the Plans year as may be established by the Board of Directors. Notice of Intention to Withdraw must be given in writing to the Chairman of the Board of Directors and the Treasurer not less than thirty days prior to the end of the Plans year. Plan members bear an equal proportionate share of the Plans' assets and claim liabilities. Pursuant to the Municipal Cooperative Agreement the Plans are a risk sharing pool and all monies paid to the Treasurer shall be pooled and administered as a common fund. No refunds shall be made to a participant and no assessments are charged to a participant other than the annual premium equivalent. If surplus funds exist at the end of any fiscal year, the distribution of such funds shall be determined by the Board of Directors.

1. Plan I

This Plan's members include seventeen districts and two BOCES with the District bearing an equal proportionate share of the Plan's assets and claim liabilities.

This Plan purchases, on an annual basis, stop-loss insurance policies to limit its exposure for claims paid within any one fiscal year.

This Plan establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. However, because actual claims costs depend on complex factors, the process used in computing claims liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Such claims are based on the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled, and claims that have been incurred but not reported. Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expenses in the periods in which they are made. During the year ended June 30, 2017, the District incurred premiums or contribution expenditures totaling \$74,542.

This Plan is audited on an annual basis and is available at the BOCES administrative offices. The most recent audit available for the year ended December 31, 2016, revealed that the Plan was fully funded.

2. Plan II

The Plan members include seventeen districts and two BOCES with the District bearing an equal proportionate share of the Plan's assets and claim liabilities.

The Plan arrangement includes a pooling point to limit its exposure. The pooling point provides additional protection in the form of an experience credit in the subsequent year.

During the term of the agreement with the Insurer will determine whether there is a deficit or a surplus for the Plan year. If a deficit occurs in a Plan year, the Insurer will fund payment of the deficit. If there is a surplus in the Plan year, the surplus may not be applied to off-set a deficit in a subsequent Plan year or Plan years. If a surplus occurs in a Plan year that follows the year in which a deficit occurred, the surplus may be applied to fund the deficit.

Any medical claims expenses that are not paid by the Insurer (either with Plan money representing the net premium or with the Insurer's money if a deficit occurred) during the term of the agreement with the Insurer, will be the financial responsibility of the Plan. If the Insurer is processing medical claims expenses during part or all of the 12-month period referred to above, it will pay those medical claims expenses provided that the Plan provides adequate funding for the medical claims expenses.

The administrative services that will be provided by the Insurer during the 12-month period referred to above will be provided for an additional charge determined by first dividing the Insurer administrative fee paid in the last Plan year by the total of the medical claims expenses paid during the last Plan year to determine an administrative cost percentage (the "Admin Percentage"). Then, for each medical claims expense paid during the subsequent 12-month period, the Plan will pay the Insurer an additional charge determined by multiplying the amount of the medical claims expense by the admin percentage.

An audit of the financial transactions will be completed for the year ended June 30, 2017. During the year ended June 30, 2017, the District incurred premiums or contribution expenditures totaling \$12,791,015.

D. Unemployment

District employees are entitled to coverage under the New York State Unemployment Insurance Law. The District has elected to discharge its liability to the New York State Unemployment Insurance Fund (the Fund) by the benefit reimbursement method, a dollar-for-dollar reimbursement to the fund for benefits paid from the fund to former employees. The District has established a self insurance fund to pay these claims. The claim and judgment expenditures of this program for the 2016-17 fiscal year totaled \$16,242. The balance of the fund at June 30, 2017 was \$2,004,995 and is recorded in the General Fund as an Unemployment Insurance Reserve. In addition, as of June 30, 2017, no loss contingencies existed or were considered probable or estimable for incurred but not reported claims payable.

E. Health Fund

The District has established a Health Care Plan for its employee groups. The District contribution rates are based on the employment contracts for the various employee groups. Unused balances roll to the next year.

For fiscal year 2016-17, the District expended \$2,381,725 for this plan. The unexpended balance in the Health Care Plan account at June 30, 2017 which represents the cumulative running balance of the participants amounted to \$3,515,181 and is reported as other liabilities in the Trust and Agency Fund.

XIV. Commitments and Contingencies

A. <u>Litigation</u>

- 1. The District has several pending claims as of the balance sheet date which management believes will not have a material effect on the financial statements or the District's insurance will cover the claims.
- 2. There are tax certiorari claims requesting reduction of assessments pending. The outcome of the tax certiorari claims are undeterminable at this time.

B. Grants

The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the State and Federal Governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior years' experience, the District's administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

XV. Lease Commitments and Leased Assets

The District rents various properties to BOCES. The total rental income received and accrued for the 2016-17 fiscal year was \$39,650.

XVI. Tax Abatement

The County of Monroe IDA, and the District enter into various property tax abatement programs for the purpose of Economic Development. As a result the District property tax revenue was reduced \$7,756,603. The District received payment in lieu of tax (PILOT) payment totaling \$5,892,301 to help offset the property tax reduction.

RUSH-HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Schedule of Changes in District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratio (Unaudited)

For Year Ended June 30, 2017

TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY

TOTAL OF ED MADILITY		
		<u>2017</u>
Service cost	\$	1,615,624
Interest		1,313,655
Differences between expected and actual experiences		419,403
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		(1,437,837)
Benefit payments		(1,622,780)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	\$	288,065
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	_\$	39,220,728
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	39,508,793
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	56,084,323
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered		
Employee Payroll		70.45%

Required Supplementary Information RUSH - HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Unaudited)

For Year Ended June 30, 2017

N	VSERS	Pension	Plan
1.1		I CHOICH	

	2017	2016	<u>2015</u>
Proportion of the net pension liability (assets)	0.0432556%	0.0448215%	0.043736%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets)	\$ 4,064,389	\$ 7,193,982	\$ 1,477,524
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 13,526,242	\$ 15,152,694	\$ 14,509,805
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	30.048%	47.477%	10.183%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	94.70%	90.70%	97.90%

NYSTRS Pension Plan

	1410	TRO I Chalon I I	an		
		<u> 2017</u>		2016	<u> 2015</u>
Proportion of the net pension liability (assets)		0.267750%		0.265716%	0.266100%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets)	\$	2,867,715	\$	(27,599,414)	\$ (29,646,655)
Covered-employee payroll	\$	41,864,494	\$	41,668,352	\$ 40,450,250
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		6.850%		-66.236%	-73.292%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		99.01%		110.46%	111.48%

RUSH-HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Schedule of District Contributions

(Unaudited)

For Year Ended June 30, 2017

NYSERS	Pension	Plan

	NYSER	S Pension Pla	n				
		<u>2017</u>	2015				
Contractually required contributions	\$	2,028,501	\$	2,260,941	\$	2,386,160	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required							
contribution		(2,028,501)		(2,260,941)		(2,386,160)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	_	\$	<u>.</u>	\$	jugi	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	13,526,242	\$	15,152,694	\$	14,509,805	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		15.00%		14.92%		16.45%	
	NYSTE	RS Pension Pla	n				
Contractually required		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>	
L OUTPORTUGIEV PAGILIPAG							

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Contractually required contributions	\$ 5,478,572	\$ 5,988,778	\$ 6,388,435
Contributions in relation to			
the contractually required contribution	 (5,478,572)	 (5,988,778)	 (6,388,435)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	 -	\$ -	\$
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 41,864,494	\$ 41,668,352	\$ 40,450,250
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	13.09%	14.37%	15.79%

RUSH-HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund

(Unaudited)

For Year Ended June 30, 2017

				Current	Ov	er (Under)		
		Original	Amended	Year's	Revised			
		Budget	Budget	Revenues		Budget		
REVENUES								
Local Sources -								
Real property taxes	\$	63,495,690	\$ 63,495,690	\$ 64,060,790	\$	565,100		
Real property tax items		13,857,107	13,857,107	13,993,863		136,756		
Non-property taxes		4,500,000	4,500,000	4,886,904		386,904		
Charges for services		655,000	655,000	619,950		(35,050)		
Use of money and property		107,650	107,650	158,322		50,672		
Sale of property and								
compensation for loss		41,400	41,400	69,297		27,897		
Miscellaneous		1,149,100	1,149,100	1,489,320		340,220		
Interfund revenues		-	-	34,245		34,245		
State Sources -								
Basic formula		23,332,508	23,332,508	23,400,568		68,060		
Lottery aid		5,011,096	5,011,096	5,075,620		64,524		
BOCES		2,930,910	2,930,910	2,917,633		(13,277)		
Textbooks		343,194	343,194	338,142		(5,052)		
All Other Aid -								
Computer software		150,338	150,338	152,061		1,723		
Library loan		33,443	33,443	34,200		757		
Handicapped students		1,077,718	1,077,718	1,719,453		641,735		
Other aid		-	-	2,450		2,450		
Federal Sources		250,000	250,000	300,037		50,037		
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	116,935,154	\$ 116,935,154	\$ 119,252,855	\$	2,317,701		
Appropriated reserves	\$	-	\$ 7,000,000					
Appropriated fund balance		3,000,000	\$ 3,000,000					
Prior year encumbrances	\$	2,240,804	\$ 2,240,804					
TOTAL REVENUES AND								
APPROPRIATED RESER	VES	/						
FUND BALANCE	\$	122,175,958	 129,175,958					

RUSH-HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -

Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund (Unaudited)

For Year Ended June 30, 2017

					Current				
		Original	Amended		Year's			Une	ncumbered
		Budget	Budget	<u>E</u>	<u>xpenditures</u>	En	<u>cumbrances</u>	į	Balances
EXPENDITURES									
General Support -									
Board of education	\$	130,818	\$ 126,742	\$	93,132	\$	10,301	\$	23,309
Central administration		341,356	343,857		330,010		2,421		11,426
Finance		782,799	799,414		635,742		25,232		138,440
Staff		761,066	829,597		751,577		19,712		58,308
Central services		8,656,660	8,957,977		7,764,869		483,925		709,183
Special items		1,637,480	1,637,480		1,577,497		33		59,950
Instructional -									
Instruction, administration and improvement		5,507,708	5,586,328		5,472,705		6,188		107,435
Teaching - regular school		31,946,269	31,083,175		29,742,145		535,098		805,932
Programs for children with									
handicapping conditions		13,415,770	14,609,089		14,226,122		88,079		294,888
Occupational education		2,393,004	2,393,004		2,347,744		-		45,260
Teaching - special schools		432,261	419,998		308,247		-		111,751
Instructional media		6,722,515	6,161,153		4,562,969		977,769		620,415
Pupil services		5,525,212	5,513,482		5,380,983		460		132,039
Pupil Transportation		7,071,809	6,165,804		6,020,922		29,580		115,302
Community Services		159,054	159,054		158,283		~		771
Employee Benefits		28,902,077	 27,871,370		26,642,674		58_		1,228,638
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_\$_	114,385,858	\$ 112,657,524	\$	106,015,621	_\$_	2,178,856	\$	4,463,047
Other Uses -									
Transfers - out	\$	7,790,100	\$ 16,518,434	\$	16,046,651	\$	-	\$	471,783
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND			 						
OTHER USES	_\$_	122,175,958	\$ 129,175,958	\$	122,062,272	\$	2,178,856	\$	4,934,830
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE									
AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES									
OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER									
FINANCING USES	\$	-	\$	\$	(2,809,417)				
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		31,872,795	 31,872,795		31,872,795	_			
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	_\$	31,872,795	\$ 31,872,795	\$	29,063,378	=			

Note to Required Supplementary Information:

A reconciliation is not necessary since encumbrances are presented in a separate column on this schedule.

RUSH - HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Schedule of Change From Adopted Budget To Final Budget And The Real Property Tax Limit For Year Ended June 30, 2017

CHANGE	FROM AD	OPTED RIH	CET TO	FINAL BUDGET:	,
	TINDILAD	OI IED DUI	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	

Adopted budget		\$ 119,935,154
Prior year's encumbrances		2,240,804
Original Budget		\$ 122,175,958
Budget revisions -		
Funding of 2018 building project from capital reserve		7,000,000
FINAL BUDGET		\$ 129,175,958
SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCU	LATION:	
2017-18 voter approved expenditure budget		\$ 124,717,502
Unrestricted fund balance:		
Assigned fund balance	\$ 5,028,856	
Unassigned fund balance	4,988,699	
Total Unrestricted fund balance	\$ 10,017,555	
Less adjustments:		
Appropriated fund balance	\$ 2,850,000	
Encumbrances included in assigned fund balance	2,178,856	
Total adjustments	\$ 5,028,856	
General fund fund balance subject to Section 1318 of		
Real Property Tax Law		4,988,699
ACTUAL PERCENTAGE		4.00%

RUSH-HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Schedule of Project Expenditures June 30, 2017

			Expenditures				M			
	Original	Revised	Prior	Current		Unexpended	Local			Fund
Project Title	Appropriation	Appropriation	Years	<u>Year</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Balance</u>	Sources	<u>Transfers</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Balance</u>
Bus Purchases (2012-13)	\$ 1,100,000	\$ 2,124,416	\$ 501,679	\$ -	\$ 501,679	\$ 1,622,737	\$ 2,201,679	\$ (677,263)	\$ 1,524,416	\$ 1,022,737
Bus Purchases (2015-16)	2,600,000	2,600,000	-	1,791,793	1,791,793	808,207	2,600,000	-	2,600,000	808,207
Bus Purchases (2016-17)	2,200,000	2,200,000	-	2,200,000	2,200,000	-	1,478,757	721,243	2,200,000	-
Bus Purchases (2017-18)	2,200,000	2,200,000	-	-	-	2,200,000	2,200,000	-	2,200,000	2,200,000
Undesignated Bus Purchase	688,911	688,911	-	-	-	688,911	688,911	-	688,911	688,911
Conference Room	1,400,000	1,558,515	1,537,099	-	1,537,099	21,416	1,600,000	(44,380)	1,555,620	18,521
Buildings Project 2014	1,100,000	1,368,135	1,365,240	2,895	1,368,135	-	1,300,000	68,135	1,368,135	-
Buildings Project 2015	5,435,000	6,310,000	685,858	3,307,752	3,993,610	2,316,390	5,435,000	643,567	6,078,567	2,084,957
Buildings Project 2016	3,755,000	3,610,000	522,246	79,316	601,562	3,008,438	3,755,000	(535,000)	3,220,000	2,618,438
Buildings Project 2017	2,810,000	975,000	57,058	411,550	468,608	506,392	2,810,000	(1,810,000)	1,000,000	531,392
Buildings Project 2018	7,000,000	7,000,000	-	-	-	7,000,000	7,000,000	-	7,000,000	7,000,000
Undesignated Capital Project	2,948,779	2,948,779	-	-	-	2,948,779	2,948,779	-	2,948,779	2,948,779
Building Condition Survey	120,000	430,000	257,213	99,272	356,485	73,515	500,000	-	500,000	143,515
Full Day Kindergarten Project	19,000,000	20,105,000	1,304,960	14,057,075	15,362,035	4,742,965	19,000,000	1,720,000	20,720,000	5,357,965
TOTAL	\$ 52,357,690	\$ 54,118,756	\$ 6,231,353	\$ 21,949,653	\$ 28,181,006	\$ 25,937,750	\$ 53,518,126	\$ 86,302	\$ 53,604,428	\$ 25,423,422

RUSH-HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Combined Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2017

Special

		~ prom.						
	Re	venue Fund				Total		
	School Lunch			Debt	Nonmajor			
			Service <u>Fund</u>		Governmental <u>Funds</u>			
	<u>Fund</u>							
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	395,408	\$	189,612	\$	585,020		
Receivables		84,631		-		84,631		
Inventories		82,473		-		82,473		
Due from other funds		11,723		-		11,723		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	574,235	\$	189,612		763,847		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
<u>Liabilities</u> -								
Accounts payable	\$	3,075	\$	-	\$	3,075		
Accrued liabilities		16,803		-		16,803		
Due to other governments		223		-		223		
Unearned revenue		45,625	,	-		45,625		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	65,726	_\$	-		65,726		
Fund Balances -								
Nonspendable	\$	82,473	\$	-	\$	82,473		
Restricted		-		189,612		189,612		
Assigned		426,036		-		426,036		
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	\$	508,509	\$	189,612	\$	698,121		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND								
FUND BALANCES	\$	574,235	\$	189,612	\$	763,847		

RUSH-HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Combined Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For Year Ended June 30, 2017

REVENUES		Special Revenue Fund School Lunch Fund		Debt Service <u>Fund</u>	Total Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>		
Use of money and property	\$	442	\$	943	\$	1,385	
Miscellaneous	ф	1,030	Ψ	743	Ψ	1,030	
State sources		46,625		_		46,625	
Federal sources		1,363,011		_		1,363,011	
Sales		989,101		_		989,101	
Premium on obligations issued		-		417,651		417,651	
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	2,400,209	\$	418,594	\$	2,818,803	
EXPENDITURES							
General support	\$	-	\$	122,965	\$	122,965	
Employee benefits	*	561,302	*	-	*	561,302	
Debt service - principal		_		2,385,000		2,385,000	
Debt service - interest		-		302,545		302,545	
Cost of sales		1,176,782		-		1,176,782	
Other expenses		932,658		_		932,658	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	2,670,742	\$	2,810,510	\$	5,481,252	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	(270,533)	_\$	(2,391,916)	\$	(2,662,449)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers - in	\$	250,281	\$	2,560,463	\$	2,810,744	
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		-		(9,419,686)		(9,419,686)	
Proceeds from advanced refunding		-		9,125,000		9,125,000	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING						,	
SOURCES (USES)	\$	250,281	\$	2,265,777	_\$	2,516,058	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$	(20,252)	\$	(126,139)	\$	(146,391)	
		, , ,	-	•	•	844,512	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		528,761		315,751		044,312	

FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR

\$

508,509

189,612

698,121

Supplementary Information RUSH - HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Net Investment in Capital Assets

For Year Ended June 30, 2017

Capital assets, net	\$ 94,625,785

Deduct:

Short-term portion of bonds payable \$ 1,345,000 Long-term portion of bonds payable \$ 12,480,000

13,825,000

Net Investment in Capital Assets \$ 80,800,785

RUSH-HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For Year Ended June 30, 2017

Grantor / Pass - Through Agency Federal Award Cluster / Program	CFDA <u>Number</u>	Grantor <u>Number</u>	Pass-Through Agency <u>Number</u>	Total Expenditures	
U.S. Department of Education:					
Indirect Programs:					
Passed Through NYS Education Department -					
Special Education Cluster IDEA -					
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	N/A	0032-16-0385	\$	16,285
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	N/A	0032-17-0385		1,227,509
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.173	N/A	0033-16-0385		2,862
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.173	N/A	0033-17-0385		49,589
Total Special Education Cluster IDEA				\$	1,296,245
Title IIA - Teacher Training	84.367	N/A	0147-16-1400		30,481
Title IIA - Teacher Training	84.367	N/A	0147-17-1400		136,313
Title III - Immigrant	84.365	N/A	0149-16-1400		10,186
Title III - Immigrant	84.365	N/A	0149-17-1400		23,659
Title IIIA - LEP	84.365	N/A	0293-16-1400		4,687
Title IIIA - LEP	84.365	N/A	0293-17-1400		7,898
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	N/A	0021-16-1400		71,555
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	N/A	0021-17-1400		756,424
Total U.S. Department of Education				\$	2,337,448
U.S. Department of Agriculture: Indirect Programs: Passed Through NYS Education Department -					
Child Nutrition Cluster -					
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	006540	\$	911,035
National School Lunch Program-Non-Cash					
Assistance (Commodities)	10.555	N/A	006540		208,183
National School Breakfast Program	10.553	N/A	006540		243,793
Total Child Nutrition Cluster					1,363,011
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture					1,363,011
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS					3,700,459

Raymond F. Wager, CPA, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

Shareholders:

Raymond F. Wager, CPA Thomas J. Lauffer, CPA Thomas C. Zuber, CPA Members of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and New York State Society of Certified Public Accountants

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Education Rush-Henrietta Central School District, New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Rush - Henrietta Central School District, New York, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Rush - Henrietta Central School District, New York's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 7, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Rush - Henrietta Central School District, New York's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Rush - Henrietta Central School District, New York's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Rush - Henrietta Central School District, New York's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Rush - Henrietta Central School District, New York's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Raymond F. Wager, CPA P.C.

September 7, 2017