# RUSH - HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

## **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

For Year Ended June 30, 2023



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Education Rush-Henrietta Central School District, New York

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Rush-Henrietta Central School District, New York, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Rush-Henrietta Central School District, New York, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Rush-Henrietta Central School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Rush-Henrietta Central School District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of changes in District's total OPEB liability and related ratio, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of District contributions, and budgetary comparison information on pages 4-13 and 50-54 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Rush-Henrietta Central School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplemental information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplementary information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 21, 2023 on our consideration of Rush-Henrietta Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Rush-Henrietta Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mongel, Metzger, Bar & Co. LLP

Rochester, New York September 21, 2023

#### **Rush Henrietta Central School District**

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

#### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

The following is a discussion and analysis of the School District's financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. This section is a summary of the School District's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, and/or conditions. It is also based on both the government-wide and fund-based financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current year. This section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the School District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

#### **Financial Highlights**

At the close of the fiscal year, the total assets plus deferred outflows (what the district owns) exceeded its total liabilities plus deferred inflows (what the district owes) by \$196,438,683 (net position) an increase of \$22,099,925 from the prior year.

As of the close of the fiscal year, the School District's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$124,923,358 an increase of \$19,625,838 in comparison with the prior year.

New York State Law limits the amount of unreserved fund balance that can be retained by the General Fund to 4% of the ensuing year's budget, exclusive of the amount designated for the subsequent year's budget. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$6,471,168 and this amount was within the statutory limit.

General revenues which include Real Property Taxes, Non Property Taxes, State and Federal Aid, Investment Earnings, Compensation for Loss, and Miscellaneous accounted for \$156,549,398 or 90% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of Charges for services and Operating Grants and Contributions, accounted for \$17,195,863 or 10% of total revenues.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This management's discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School District's basic financial statements. The School District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains individual fund statements and schedules in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the School District's assets plus deferred outflow of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflow of resources, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The *governmental* activities of the School District include instruction, pupil transportation, cost of food sales, general administrative support, community service, and interest on long-term debt.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on the pages immediately following this section as the first two pages of the basic financial statements.

#### Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All of the funds of the School District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the School District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The School District maintains six individual governmental funds; General Fund, Special Aid Fund, Debt Service Fund, School Lunch Fund, Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund, and Capital Projects Fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the special aid fund, and the capital projects fund which are reported as major funds. Data for the school lunch fund, the miscellaneous special revenue fund and the debt service fund are aggregated into a single column and reported as non-major funds.

The School District adopts and voters approve an annual budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund within the basic financial statements to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The *Fiduciary Funds* are used to account for assets held by the School District in an agency capacity which accounts for assets held by the School District on behalf of others. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of these funds are *not* available to support the School District's programs.

The financial statements for the governmental and fiduciary funds can be found in the basic financial statement section of this report.

	Major Feature of the District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements							
	Government-Wide	Fund Financi	ial Statements					
	Statements	Fiduciary Funds						
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the School District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education, scholarship programs, and building maintenance	Instances in which the School District administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as student activities monies					
Required financial statements	Statement of net position Statement of activities	Balance sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance	Statement of fiduciary net position statement of changes in fiduciary net position					
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus					
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short- term and long-term	Generally, assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can.					
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid					

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found following the basic financial statement section of this report.

#### **Government-Wide Statements**

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all the School District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position, the difference between the District's assets plus deferred outflow resources and liabilities plus deferred inflow of resources, is one way to measure the District's financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively. Additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the school buildings and facilities must also be considered to assess the District's overall health.

All of the District's services are reported in the government-wide financial statements as governmental activities. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property taxes, federal and state aid, and investment earnings finance most of these activities.

#### Financial Analysis of the School District As A Whole

#### **Net Position**

The District's combined net position was larger on June 30, 2023 than it was the year before as shown in table below.

		Total				
	 Governmen		<u>Variance</u>			
ASSETS:	<u>2023</u>	2022				
Current and Other Assets	\$ 146,983,196	\$ 176,450,631	\$	(29,467,435)		
Capital Assets	109,953,230	105,632,720		4,320,510		
Total Assets	\$ 256,936,426	\$ 282,083,351	\$	(25,146,925)		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:						
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 35,953,110	\$ 36,514,431	\$	(561,321)		
LIABILITIES:						
Long-Term Debt Obligations	\$ 67,451,087	\$ 55,774,472	\$	11,676,615		
Other Liabilities	20,549,154	20,532,992		16,162		
Total Liabilities	\$ 88,000,241	\$ 76,307,464	\$	11,692,777		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:						
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 8,450,612	\$ 67,951,560	\$	(59,500,948)		
NET POSITION:						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 104,374,040	\$ 98,777,242	\$	5,596,798		
Restricted For,						
Capital Projects	58,412,437	42,276,113		16,136,324		
Reserve for ERS	12,131,452	9,032,177		3,099,275		
Capital Reserve	22,252,529	23,897,743		(1,645,214)		
Other Purposes	19,720,183	17,671,709		2,048,474		
Unrestricted	(20,451,958)	 (17,316,226)		(3,135,732)		
<b>Total Net Position</b>	\$ 196,438,683	\$ 174,338,758	\$	22,099,925		

#### **Key Variances**

- Current and Other Assets decreased as a result of the NYS ERS and TRS pension systems no longer reporting a net pension assets in 2023.
- Long-Term Debt Obligations increased as a result of the NYS ERS and TRS net pension liability increase
- Deferred Inflows of Resources decreased as a result of decreases to the pension system amortization of the net differences between projected an actual earnings on plan investments of \$47 million.

The District's financial position is the product of many factors.

By far, the largest component of the School District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The School District uses these capital assets to provide services to the students and consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the School District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

There are four restricted net position balances, Capital Projects, Reserve for ERS, Capital Reserve, and Other Purposes. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position is a deficit of \$20,451,958.

#### **Changes in Net position**

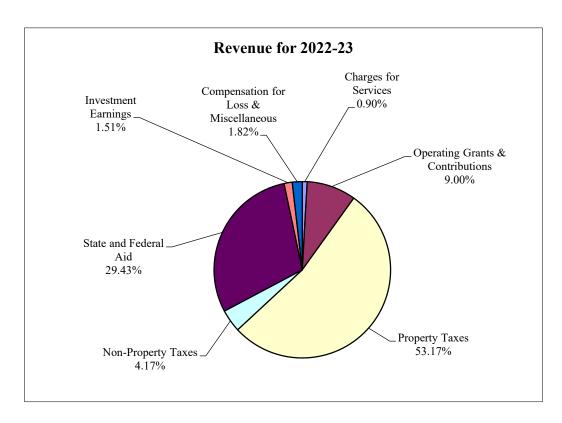
The District's total revenue increased 24% to \$173,745,261. State and federal aid 29% and property taxes 53% accounted for most of the District's revenue. The remaining 18% of the revenue comes from operating grants, charges for services, capital grants, non-property taxes, investment earnings, compensation for loss, and miscellaneous revenues.

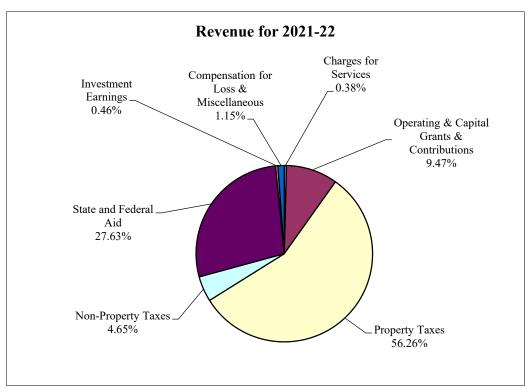
The total cost of all the programs and services increased 14% to \$151,645,336. The District's expenses are predominately related to education and caring for the students (Instruction) 77%. General support which included expenses associated with the operation, maintenance and administration of the District accounted for 11% of the total costs. See table below:

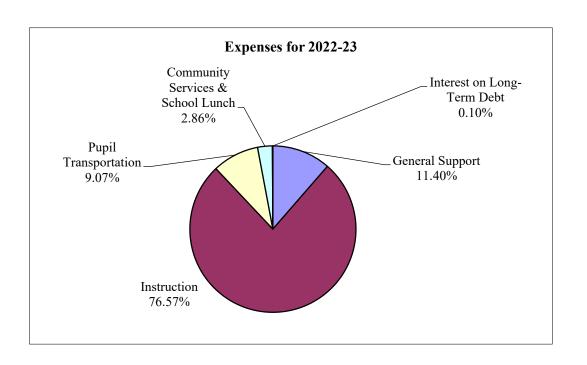
			Total
	Governmen	<u>Variance</u>	
	 <u>2023</u>	2022	
REVENUES:			
<u>Program -</u>			
Charges for Service	\$ 1,560,761	\$ 611,259	\$ 949,502
Operating Grants & Contributions	15,635,102	14,821,556	813,546
Capital Grants & Contributions	 -	 300,000	 (300,000)
Total Program	\$ 17,195,863	\$ 15,732,815	\$ 1,463,048
<u>General -</u>	 	 	 _
Property Taxes	\$ 92,403,843	\$ 89,851,595	\$ 2,552,248
Non Property Taxes	7,237,542	7,424,465	(186,923)
State and Federal Aid	51,130,427	44,127,975	7,002,452
Investment Earnings	2,616,918	728,747	1,888,171
Compensation for Loss	164,684	1,464	163,220
Miscellaneous	2,995,984	1,837,035	1,158,949
<b>Total General</b>	\$ 156,549,398	\$ 143,971,281	\$ 12,578,117
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 173,745,261	\$ 159,704,096	\$ 14,041,165
EXPENSES:			
General Support	\$ 17,292,918	\$ 14,993,817	\$ 2,299,101
Instruction	116,108,323	101,543,406	14,564,917
Pupil Transportation	13,750,228	12,595,310	1,154,918
Community Services	346,199	208,387	137,812
School Lunch	3,993,075	3,529,304	463,771
Interest	154,593	183,958	(29,365)
TOTAL EXPENSES	\$ 151,645,336	\$ 133,054,182	\$ 18,591,154
INCREASE IN NET POSITION	\$ 22,099,925	\$ 26,649,914	
NET POSITION, BEGINNING			
OF YEAR	 174,338,758	 147,688,844	
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 196,438,683	\$ 174,338,758	
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 196,438,683	\$ 174,338,758	

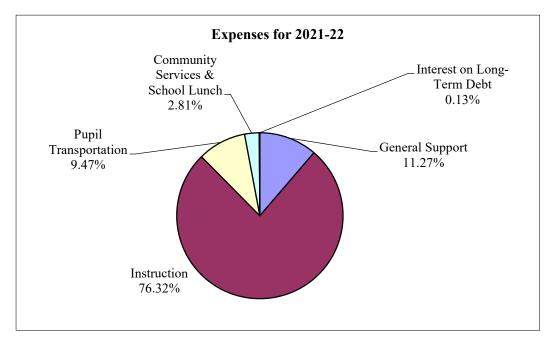
#### <u>Key Variances</u>

- State and Federal Aid increased as a result of stimulus spending creasing the federal reimbursement
- Instruction increased as a result of the change in the NYS TRS and ERS retirement system as well as increases to stimulus spending.









#### Financial Analysis of the School District's Funds

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$124,923,358 which is more than last year's ending fund balance of \$105,297,520.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current year, the total fund balance of the General Fund was \$64,742,818. Fund balance for the General Fund increased by \$3,565,178 compared with the prior year. See table below:

			Total
<b>General Fund Balances:</b>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<b>Variance</b>
Restricted	\$ 53,523,851	\$ 50,059,327	\$ 3,464,524
Assigned	4,747,799	5,053,274	(305,475)
Unassigned	6,471,168	6,065,039	406,129
<b>Total General Fund Balances</b>	\$ 64,742,818	\$ 61,177,640	\$ 3,565,178

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The difference between the original budget and the final amended budget was \$5,979,616. This change is attributable to \$4,153,274 of carryover encumbrances from the 2021-22 school year and \$18,260,342 for appropriates for capital project.

The key factors for budget variances in the general fund are listed below along with explanations for each.

	Budget Variance Original Vs.	
Expenditure Items:	Amended	Explanation for Budget Variance
		Reduced medical and pension costs enabled budget
Employee Benefits	(\$2,106,140)	transfers to fund new positions and increased costs
		Includes \$18.2M voter approved capital reserve funding
Transfer-Out	\$18,905,342	for \$26.6M districtwide capital project.

	Budget Variance	
Davianus Itamas	Amended Vs.	Evaluation for Dudget Variance
Revenue Items:	Actual	Explanation for Budget Variance
Real Property Tax Items	\$1,378,302	Shelter Rent PILOT payments higher than budgeted
Non-Property Taxes	\$2,237,542	Sales tax collections continued at a high rate
Use of Money and Property	\$1,367,967	Interest rate increases drove interest earnings
Miscellaneous	\$2,435,137	Lawsuit settlements and BOCES refund
State Sources	\$1,884,469	Elevated BOCES and Tuition aid reimbursements
	Budget	
	Variance	
	Amended Vs.	
<b>Expenditure Items:</b>	Actual	Explanation for Budget Variance
General Support	\$1,078,581	Maintenance and legal costs reduced from pandemic levels
Instructional	\$5,533,821	Elevated employee turnover and vacancies reduced personnel costs
Pupil Transportation	\$1,582,696	Driver shortages/vacancies both in-house and by contractors
Employee Benefits	\$4,203,308	Vacancies and lower salaries drove reduced benefit costs

# **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

# **Capital Assets**

By the end of the 2023 fiscal year, the District had invested \$107,031,122 in a broad range of capital assets. The change in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, is reflected below:

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>			
Capital Assets:					
Land	\$ 3,037,218	\$	3,037,218		
Work in Progress	10,110,424		8,088,598		
<b>Buildings and Improvements</b>	82,690,787		80,870,611		
Machinery and Equipment	11,192,693		10,968,854		
<b>Total Capital Assets</b>	\$ 107,031,122	\$	102,965,281		
<b>Lease Assets:</b>					
Equipment	\$ 2,895,751	\$	2,667,439		
Subscription IT Assets	26,357				
<b>Total Lease Assets</b>	\$ 2,922,108	\$	2,667,439		

More detailed information can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

#### **Long-Term Debt**

At year end, the District had \$67,159,331 in general obligation bonds and other long-term debt outstanding as follows:

<b>Type</b>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Serial Bonds	\$ 5,335,000	\$ 6,775,000
OPEB	43,866,328	45,245,292
Net Pension Liability	14,583,526	-
Retainage Payable	244,190	80,478
Compensated Absences	 3,130,287	 3,673,702
<b>Total Long-Term Obligations</b>	\$ 67,159,331	\$ 55,774,472

More detailed information can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

#### **Factors Bearing on the District's Future**

Ending of federal stimulus funds and anticipated freeze in state aid as a result of state deficits will result in significant revenue pressure at the same time labor shortages and general inflation are driving expenditures. It is anticipated budgets over the next few years will be tightly squeezed because of these economic factors. However, the district was able to increase reserves during the pandemic, which will soften the blow from some of these future constraints.

#### **Contacting the School District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the following:

Rush Henrietta Central School District
Parker Administration Building
2034 Lehigh Station Road
Henrietta, New York 14467
Attn: Mr. Andrew Whitmore
Assistant Superintendent for School Finance & Operations

# **Statement of Net Position**

June 30, 2023

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	137,884,472
Investments		40,353
Accounts receivable		8,944,436
Inventories		113,935
Capital Assets:		
Land		3,037,218
Work in progress		10,110,424
Other capital assets (net of depreciation)		96,805,588
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	256,936,426
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows of resources	\$	35,953,110
Defenred outflows of resources	Ψ_	33,933,110
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$	1,295,726
Accrued liabilities		2,193,974
Unearned revenues		1,735,524
Due to other governments		1,413
Due to teachers' retirement system		5,398,362
Due to employees' retirement system		699,437
Other Liabilities		9,224,718
Long-Term Obligations:		, ,
Due in one year		2,458,518
Due in more than one year		64,992,569
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	88,000,241
DEFENDED INEL OWG OF DECOLIDERS		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES  Deferred inflows of resources	ø	9.450.613
Deferred inflows of resources		8,450,612
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	\$	104,374,040
Restricted For:		, ,
Capital projects		58,412,437
Reserve for employee retirement system		12,131,452
Capital reserves		22,252,529
Other purposes		19,720,183
Unrestricted		(20,451,958)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	196,438,683
		,,

# **Statement of Activities**

# For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

							Net (Expense)		
							Revenue and		
								Changes in	
				Prograi	n Revenues		I	Net Position	
					Operatin	g			
			C	harges for	Grants ar	ıd	G	overnmental	
<b>Functions/Programs</b>	Exp	<u>enses</u>		<u>Services</u>	<u>Contributi</u>	<u>ons</u>		<b>Activities</b>	
Primary Government -									
General support	\$ 17,	292,918	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(17,292,918)	
Instruction	116,	108,323		459,751	13,208,0	<b>1</b> 46		(102,440,526)	
Pupil transportation	13,	750,228		-		-		(13,750,228)	
Community services		346,199		-		-		(346,199)	
School lunch	3,	993,075		1,101,010	2,427,0	56		(465,009)	
Interest		154,593		_		_		(154,593)	
<b>Total Primary Government</b>	\$ 151,	645,336	\$	1,560,761	\$ 15,635,1	02	\$	(134,449,473)	
	General R	evenues:							
	Property	taxes					\$	92,403,843	
	Non prop	perty taxes	S					7,237,542	
	State and	l federal a	id					51,130,427	
	Investme	ent earning	gs					2,616,918	
	Compensation for loss							164,684	
	Miscellaneous						2,995,984		
<b>Total General Revenues</b>							\$	156,549,398	
Changes in Net Position						\$	22,099,925		
	Net Posi	tion, Beg	innin	g of Year				174,338,758	
	Net Posi	tion, End	of Y	ear			\$	196,438,683	

#### **Balance Sheet**

### **Governmental Funds**

June 30, 2023

	General	Special Aid		Special Capital Aid Projects			Nonmajor overnmental	Total Governmental	
ASSETS	<b>Fund</b>		<b>Fund</b>		Fund		<b>Funds</b>		<b>Funds</b>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 77,223,776	\$	552,622	\$	58,412,437	\$	1,695,637	\$	137,884,472
Investments	-		-		-		40,353		40,353
Receivables	6,719,980		2,061,419		-		163,037		8,944,436
Inventories	-		-		-		113,935		113,935
Due from other funds	1,295,101				-		14,794		1,309,895
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 85,238,857	\$	2,614,041	\$	58,412,437	\$	2,027,756	\$	148,293,091
LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FU	ND BALANCES								
<u>Liabilities</u> -									
Accounts payable	\$ 1,285,414	\$	10,093	\$	-	\$	219	\$	1,295,726
Accrued liabilities	2,103,536		50,333		-		34,975		2,188,844
Due to other funds	14,794		1,295,101		-		-		1,309,895
Due to other governments	-		-		-		1,413		1,413
Due to TRS	5,398,362		-		-		-		5,398,362
Due to ERS	699,437		-		-		-		699,437
Other liabilities	9,224,718		-		-		-		9,224,718
Compensated absences	291,756		-		-		-		291,756
Unearned revenue	253,964		1,258,514		-		223,046		1,735,524
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 19,271,981	\$	2,614,041	\$	-	\$	259,653	\$	22,145,675
<u>Deferred Inflows</u> -									
Deferred inflows of resources	\$ 1,224,058	\$		\$		\$		\$	1,224,058
Fund Balances -									
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	113,935	\$	113,935
Restricted	53,523,851		-		58,412,437		580,313		112,516,601
Assigned	4,747,799		-		_		1,073,855		5,821,654
Unassigned	6,471,168		-		_		-		6,471,168
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	\$ 64,742,818	\$	-	\$	58,412,437	\$	1,768,103	\$	124,923,358
TOTAL LIABILITIES									
DEFERRED INFLOWS AND									
FUND BALANCES	\$ 85,238,857	\$	2,614,041	\$	58,412,437	\$	2,027,756		
1	Amounts reported	for g	overnmental	activ	ities in the				
	Statement of Net P	_							
(	Capital assets/right t	o use	assets used in	gove	ernmental activ	ities a	are not financia	al res	ources
	and therefore are no								109,953,230
		-			a statement of	not n	position		
Interest is accrued on outstanding bonds in the statement of net position but not in the funds.									(5,130)
	The following long-	term o	obligations are	not o	due and pavabl	le in t	he		
	current period and the		_						
Serial bonds payable									(5,335,000)
	OPEB								(43,866,328)
	Retainage								(244,190)
	Compensated abs	ences							(3,130,287)
	Deferred outflow -								33,642,391
	Deferred outflow	_							2,310,719
	Net pension liabil								(14,583,526)
	Deferred inflow -		on						(2,578,443)
	Deferred inflow -	•							(4,648,111)
I	Net Position of Gov			ies				\$	196,438,683
									, -,

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

## For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General <u>Fund</u>	Special Aid <u>Fund</u>	Capital Projects <u>Fund</u>	Nonmajor overnmental <u>Funds</u>	G	Total overnmental <u>Funds</u>
REVENUES						
Real property taxes and tax items	\$ 92,403,843	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	92,403,843
Non-property taxes	7,237,542	-	-	-		7,237,542
Charges for services	459,751	-	-	-		459,751
Use of money and property	1,955,184	-	628,114	33,620		2,616,918
Sale of property and compensation for loss	1,255	-	163,429	-		164,684
Miscellaneous	2,901,737	1,105,839	-	94,247		4,101,823
State sources	50,822,240	2,070,824	-	66,639		52,959,703
Federal sources	308,187	10,031,383	-	2,360,417		12,699,987
Sales TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 156,089,739	\$ 13,208,046	\$ 791,543	\$ 1,101,010 3,655,933	\$	1,101,010 173,745,261
EXPENDITURES						
General support	\$ 13,534,868	\$ 96,936	\$ -	\$ -	\$	13,631,804
Instruction	74,231,799	9,095,290	-	-		83,327,089
Pupil transportation	8,242,913	263,471	2,144,486	-		10,650,870
Community services	275,616	-	-	-		275,616
Employee benefits	31,670,401	928,761	-	684,454		33,283,616
Debt service - principal	-	-	-	1,440,000		1,440,000
Debt service - interest	-	-	-	155,406		155,406
Cost of sales	-	-	-	1,633,387		1,633,387
Other expenses	-	-	-	1,448,550		1,448,550
Capital outlay	 	 	 8,273,085	 		8,273,085
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 127,955,597	\$ 10,384,458	\$ 10,417,571	\$ 5,361,797	\$	154,119,423
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ 28,134,142	\$ 2,823,588	\$ (9,626,028)	\$ (1,705,864)	\$	19,625,838
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers - in	\$ 4,318,588	\$ 1,495,000	\$ 25,762,352	\$ 1,630,200	\$	33,206,140
Transfers - out	 (28,887,552)	 (4,318,588)	 	 		(33,206,140)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING						
SOURCES (USES)	\$ (24,568,964)	\$ (2,823,588)	\$ 25,762,352	\$ 1,630,200	\$	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 3,565,178	\$ -	\$ 16,136,324	\$ (75,664)	\$	19,625,838
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING						
OF YEAR	 61,177,640	 <u> </u>	 42,276,113	 1,843,767		105,297,520
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 64,742,818	\$ 	\$ 58,412,437	\$ 1,768,103	\$	124,923,358

# Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Statement of Activities For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES -TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

\$ 19,625,838

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The following are the amounts by which capital outlays and additions of assets in excess depreciation in the current period:

Capital Outlay	\$ 8,273,085
Additions Leased Assets, Net	517,737
Additions to Assets, Net	2,801,535
Depreciation and Amortization	(7,271,847)

4,320,510

Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position. The following details these items as they effect the governmental activities:

Debt Repayments 1,440,000

In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.

812

The Retainage liability does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.

(163,712)

The net OPEB liability does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.

(192,536)

(Increase) decrease in proportionate share of net pension asset/liability reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds

Teachers' Retirement System (1,247,253) Employees' Retirement System (1,919,712)

In the Statement of Activities, vacation pay, teachers' retirement incentive and judgments and claims are measured by the amount accrued during the year. In the governmental funds, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount actually paid. The following provides the differences of these items as presented in the governmental activities:

Compensated Absences

235,978

#### CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

22,099,925

# RUSH-HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2023

ASSETS	_	Custodial <u>Funds</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	173,795
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	173,795
NET POSITION		
Restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments	\$	173,795
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	173,795

# Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Custodial Funds	
ADDITIONS		<u>r unus</u>
Miscellaneous	\$	292,345
TOTAL ADDITIONS	\$	292,345
DEDUCTIONS		
Student activity	\$	268,325
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	\$	268,325
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	24,020
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR		149,775
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	173,795

#### Notes To The Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2023

#### I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Rush-Henrietta Central School District, New York (the District) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The Rush-Henrietta Central School District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of seven members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB Statement 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement 39, *Component Units* and GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity*. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief review of certain entities included in the District's reporting entity.

#### 1. <u>Extraclassroom Activity Funds</u>

The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The extraclassroom activity funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions, and the designation of student management. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the extraclassroom activity funds can be found at the District's business office. The District accounts for assets held as an agency for various student organizations in an agency fund.

#### B. <u>Joint Venture</u>

The District is a component of the First Supervisory District of Monroe County Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). The BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

BOCES are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (§1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n(a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program, and capital costs. Each component school district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment as defined in Education Law, Section 1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

During the year, the District was billed \$18,274,691 for BOCES administrative and program costs.

The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$4,201,838.

Financial statements for the BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative office.

#### C. Basis of Presentation

#### 1. <u>Districtwide Statements</u>

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, state aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and non-exchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital specific grants.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

#### 2. Fund Statements

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following governmental funds:

#### a. <u>Major Governmental Funds</u>

<u>General Fund</u> - This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

**Special Aid Fund** - This fund accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as federal and state grants, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. These legal restrictions may be imposed either by governments that provide the funds, or by outside parties.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - Used to account for the acquisition construction or major repair of capital facilities or the purchase of buses.

**b.** <u>Nonmajor Governmental</u> - The other funds which are not considered major are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds as follows:

<u>School Lunch Fund</u> - Used to account for transactions of the District's lunch, breakfast and milk programs.

<u>Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund</u> – used to account for and report those revenues that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest on long-term obligations for governmental activities.

**c.** <u>Fiduciary</u> - Fiduciary activities are those in which the District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the District-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the District, and are not available to be used.

<u>Custodial Funds</u> - These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the District as agent for various student groups or extraclassroom activity funds and for payroll or employee withholding.

#### D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The District-Wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within one year after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

#### E. Property Taxes

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than September 1, and become a lien on August 9, 2022. Taxes are collected during the period September 1 to October 31, 2022.

Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by the County of Monroe (the County), in which the District is located. An amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the County for enforcement is paid by the County to the District no later than the forthcoming April 1.

#### F. Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these notes.

### G. <u>Interfund Transactions</u>

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowing. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditures and revenues to provide financing or other services.

In the District-wide statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Refer to Note VII for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, expenditures, and revenues activity.

#### H. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of long-lived assets.

#### I. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

New York State Law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and Districts.

Investments are stated at fair value.

#### J. Receivables

Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts, when applicable.

An allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided for certain amounts that may not be collectible in sixty days

In addition, the District will report a receivable relating to a lease arrangement. The receivable is recorded at the present value of the future payments and recognized over the life of the lease.

#### K. Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventories of food and/or supplies for school lunch are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis or, in the case of surplus food, at stated value which approximates market. Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase and are considered immaterial in amount.

Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond year end. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the District-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the statement of net position or balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed.

#### L. Capital Assets

In the District-wide financial statements, capital assets are accounted for at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets which are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of donation.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used to report capital assets. The range of estimated useful lives by type of assets is as follows:

	Capitalization Depreciation		Depreciation	Estimated
<u>Class</u>	<u>Tł</u>	reshold	<b>Method</b>	<b>Useful Life</b>
Buildings	\$	50,000	SL	15-50 Years
Machinery and Equipment	\$	5,000	$\operatorname{SL}$	5-25 Years

The investment in infrastructure type assets have not been segregated for reporting purposes since all costs associated with capital projects are consolidated and reported as additions to buildings and improvements.

#### M. Right to Use Assets

The District-wide financial statements, right-to-use-assets are reported within the major class of the underlying asset and valued at the future minimum lease payment. Amortization is between 3 and 5 years based on the contract terms and/or estimated replacement of the assets.

#### N. Unearned Revenue

The District reports unearned revenues on its Statement of Net Position and its Balance Sheet. On the Statement of Net Position, unearned revenue arises when resources are received by the District before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the District has legal claim to resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

#### O. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

#### P. Vested Employee Benefits

#### 1. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated annual sick leave, vacation, and sabbatical time.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave.

The District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

Consistent with GASB Statement 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, the liability has been calculated using the vesting/termination method and an accrual for that liability is included in the District-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year end.

In the funds' statements only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the General Fund based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are expensed on a payas-you-go basis.

#### Q. Other Benefits

District employees participate in the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.

District employees may choose to participate in the District's elective deferred compensation plans established under Internal Revenue Code Sections 403(b) and 457.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides post-employment health coverage to retired employees in accordance with the provision of various employment contracts in effect at the time of retirement. Substantially all of the District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits may be shared between the District and the retired employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure.

#### R. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the district-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, other postemployment benefits payable and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the funds' financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

#### S. Equity Classifications

#### 1. District-Wide Statements

In the District-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

- **a.** <u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, constructions or improvements of those assets.
- **b.** Restricted Net Position reports net position when constraints placed on the assets or deferred outflows of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

On the Statement of Net Position, the following balances represent the restricted for other purposes:

	<u>Total</u>
Workers' Compensation	\$ 3,949,622
Unemployment Costs	518,593
Retirement Contribution - TRS	4,250,029
Insurance	3,033,723
Tax Certiorari	3,801,216
Scholarships	208,689
Debt	371,624
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	 3,586,687
<b>Total Net Position - Restricted for</b>	
Other Purposes	\$ 19,720,183

**c.** <u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> - reports the balance of net position that does not meet the definition of the above two classifications. The reported deficit of \$20,451,958 at year end is the result of full implantation of GASB #75 regarding retiree health obligations.

#### 2. Fund Statements

In the fund basis statements there are five classifications of fund balance:

- a. <u>Nonspendable Fund Balance</u> Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable fund balance includes \$113,935 of inventory in the School Lunch Fund.
- **Restricted Fund Balances** Includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All encumbrances of funds other than the general fund are classified as restricted fund balance. The District has established the following restricted fund balances:

<u>Capital Reserve</u> - According to Education Law §3651, must be used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve fund requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve; the ultimate amount, its probable term and the source of the funds. Expenditures may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further authorized by the voters. The form for required legal notice for the vote on establishing and funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set forth in §3651 of the Education Law. The Reserve is accounted for in the General Fund under restricted fund balance. Year end balances are as follows:

			Total
Name	Maximum	<b>Total Funding</b>	Year to Date
of Reserve	<b>Funding</b>	<b>Provided</b>	<b>Balance</b>
2016 Bus Reserve	\$ 12,000,000	\$ 5,714,019	\$ 5,827,782
2020 Capital Reserve	\$ 20,000,000	\$ 18,000,063	\$ -
2022 Capital Reserve	\$ 20,000,000	\$ 19,597,373	\$ 16,424,747

On May 16, 2023, voters approved the use of \$3,600,000 for the purchase of buses from the 2016 Bus Reserve.

Reserve for Debt Service - According to General Municipal Law §6-1, the Reserve for Debt Service must be established for the purpose of retiring the outstanding obligations upon the sale of District property or capital improvement that was financed by obligations that remain outstanding at the time of the sale. Also, earnings on project monies invested together with unused proceeds are reported here.

<u>Teachers' Retirement Reserve</u> – General Municipal Law §6r was amended to include a Teachers' Retirement Reserve (TRS) sub-fund. The reserve has an annual funding limit of 2% of the prior year TRS salaries and a maximum cumulative total balance of 10% of the previous year's TRS salary.

Retirement Contribution Reserve - According to General Municipal Law §6-r, must be used financing retirement contributions. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board.

<u>Tax Certiorari Reserve</u> - According to General Municipal Law §3651.1-a, must be used to establish a reserve fund for tax certiorari claims and to expend from the fund without voter approval. The monies held in the reserve shall not exceed the amount which might reasonably be deemed necessary to meet anticipated judgments and claims arising out of tax certiorari proceedings. Any resources deposited to the reserve which are not expended for tax certiorari proceeding in the year such monies are deposited must be returned to the General Fund on or before the first day of the fourth fiscal year after deposit of these monies.

<u>Unemployment Insurance Reserve</u> - According to General Municipal Law §6-m, must be used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund.

<u>Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve</u> - According to General Municipal Law §6-p, must be used for the payment of accrued employee benefits due to an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated.

Insurance Reserve - According to General Municipal Law §6-n, must be used to pay liability, casualty and other types of losses, except losses incurred for which the following types of insurance may be purchased: life, accident, health, annuities, fidelity and surety, credit, title residual value and mortgage guarantee. In addition, this reserve may not be used for any purpose for which a special reserve may be established pursuant to law (for example, for unemployment compensation insurance). The reserve may be established by Board action, and funded by budgetary appropriation, or such other funds as may be legally appropriated. There is no limit on the amount that may be accumulated in the Insurance Reserve, however, the annual contribution to this reserve may not exceed the greater of \$33,000 or 5% of the budget. Settled or compromised claims up to \$25,000 may be paid from the reserve without judicial approval.

Workers' Compensation Reserve - According to General Municipal Law §6-j, must be used to pay for compensation benefits and other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law, and for payment of expenses of administering this self-insurance program. The reserve may be established by Board action, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget.

<u>Encumbrances</u> - Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments of expenditures are recorded for budgetary control purposes in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is employed as a control in preventing over-expenditure of established appropriations. Open encumbrances are reported as restricted fund balance in all funds other than the General Fund and School Lunch Fund, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and will be honored through budget appropriations in the subsequent year.

Restricted fund balances include the following:

	<b>Total</b>
General Fund -	
Workers' Compensation	\$ 3,949,622
Unemployment Costs	518,593
Retirement Contribution - ERS	12,131,452
Retirement Contribution - TRS	4,250,029
Insurance	3,033,723
Tax Certiorari	3,801,216
Capital Reserves	22,252,529
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	3,586,687
Capital Fund -	
Construction of Capital Assets	58,412,437
Special Revenue Fund -	
Scholarships	208,689
Debt Service Fund -	
Debt Service	371,624
<b>Total Restricted Fund Balance</b>	\$ 112,516,601

- **c.** <u>Committed</u> Includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the school districts highest level of decision making authority, i.e., the Board of Education. The District has no committed fund balances as of June 30, 2023.
- **d.** Assigned Fund Balance Includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. All encumbrances of the General Fund are classified as assigned fund balance. Encumbrances represent purchase commitments made by the District's purchasing agent through their authorization of a purchase order prior to year-end. The District assignment is based on the functional level of expenditures.

Management has determined significant encumbrances for the General Fund to be \$175,000, the Special Aid Fund to be \$20,000, and the Capital Projects Fund to be \$19,000. The District reports the following significant encumbrances:

<u>General Fund -</u>	
Central Services	\$ 1,952,966
Teaching-Regular School	\$ 650,453
Handicapped Services	\$ 201,689
Instructional Media	\$ 1,856,864
Capital Projects Fund -	
Pupil Transportation	\$ 3,045,295
Capital Outlay	\$ 2,503,806
Special Aid Fund -	
Instructional	\$ 53,529

Assigned fund balances include the following:

	<u>Total</u>
General Fund - Encumbrances	\$ 4,747,799
School Lunch Fund - Year End Equity	1,073,855
<b>Total Assigned Fund Balance</b>	\$ 5,821,654

e. <u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> – Includes all other general fund amounts that do not meet the definition of the above four classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the school district and could report a surplus or deficit. In funds other than the general fund, the unassigned classification is used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted or assigned.

NYS Real Property Tax Law 1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds a school district can retain to no more than 4% of the District's budget for the general fund for the ensuing fiscal year. Nonspendable and restricted fund balance of the general fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year and encumbrances are also excluded from the 4% limitation.

#### 3. Order of Use of Fund Balance

The District's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, nonspendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined. Any remaining fund balance amounts for funds other than the general fund are classified as restricted fund balance. In the general fund, the remaining amounts are reported as unassigned. Assignments of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance.

#### T. New Accounting Standards

The District has adopted all current Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are applicable. At June 30, 2023, the District implemented the following new standards issued by GASB:

GASB has issued Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations.

GASB has issued Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, Paragraph 11b.

GASB has issued Statement No. 96, Subscription Based Information Technology.

GASB has issued Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022 (leases, PPPs, and SBITAs).

#### **U.** Future Changes in Accounting Standards

GASB has issued Statement No. 100, Accounting for Changes and Error Corrections-an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023.

GASB has issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023.

The District will evaluate the impact each of these pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material.

#### II. Changes in Accounting Principles

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA)*. The implementation of the statement changes the reporting for SBITAs. There was no financial statement impact for the implementation of the Statement.

#### III. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

By its nature as a local government unit, the District is subject to various federal, state and local laws and contractual regulations. An analysis of the District's compliance with significant laws and regulations and demonstration of its stewardship over District resources follows.

#### A. Budgets

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the General Fund.

The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget.

Appropriations established by adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) which may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments approved by the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restriction, if the Board approves them because of a need which exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. During the 2022-23 fiscal year, the budget was amended \$18,260,342 for a capital project transfer and \$4,153,274 for carry over encumbrances.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

Budgets are established and used for individual capital projects fund expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

#### **B.** Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are presented as reservations of fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred, or the commitment is paid.

#### IV. Cash and Cash Equivalents

**Credit risk:** In compliance with the State Law, District investments are limited to obligations of the United States of America, obligations guaranteed by agencies of the Unites States of America where the payment of principal and interest are guaranteed by the United States of America, obligations of the State, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit issued by a bank or trust company located in, and authorized to do business in, the State, and obligations issued by other municipalities and authorities within the State.

**Concentration of Credit risk:** To promote competition in rates and service cost, and to limit the risk of institutional failure, District deposits and investments are placed with multiple institutions. The District's investment policy limits the amounts that may be deposited with any one financial institution.

**Interest rate risk:** The District has an investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates.

The District's aggregate bank balances (disclosed in the financial statements), included balances not covered by depository insurance at year end, collateralized as follows:

Uncollateralized	\$ -
Collateralized with Securities held by the Pledging	
Financial Institution	135,016,338
Total	\$ 135,016,338

Restricted cash represents cash where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets represent amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes. Restricted cash as of year-end includes \$112,516,601 within the governmental funds and \$173,795 in the fiduciary funds.

#### V. Investments

The District has few investments (primarily donated scholarship funds) and chooses to disclose its investments by specifically identifying each. The District's investment policy for these investments is also governed by New York State statutes. Investments are stated at fair value, and are categorized as either:

- A. Insured or registered, or investments held by the District or by the District's agent in the District's name, or
- **B.** Uninsured and unregistered, with the investments held by the financial institutes trust department in the District's name, or
- C. Uninsured and unregistered, with investments held by the financial institution or its trust department, but not in the District's name.

		Carrying	Inv	estment	Type of	
<b>Investments</b>	<u>Fund</u>	<b>Amount</b>	Gai	in/(Loss)	<b>Invesment</b>	<b>Category</b>
482 Shares of	Miscellaneous Special					
Eastman Chemical	Revenue Fund	\$ 40,353	\$	(2,916)	Equities	Α

The District does not purchase stocks. These shares were donated to the District several years ago to support student scholarships.

#### VI. Investment Pool

The District participates in a multi-municipal cooperative investment pool agreement pursuant to New York State General Municipal Law Article 5-G, §119-O, whereby it holds a portion of the investments in cooperation with other participants. The investments are highly liquid and are considered to be cash equivalents.

Total investments of the cooperative as of year end are \$6,054,746, which consisted of \$1,809,764 in repurchase agreements, \$3,485,717 in U.S. Treasury Securities, \$145,314 in FDIC insured deposits and \$613,951 in collateralized bank deposits, with various interest rates and due dates.

The following amounts are included as unrestricted and restricted cash:

	Bank	Carrying	Type of
<b>Fund</b>	<b>Amount</b>	<b>Amount</b>	<b>Invesment</b>
General Fund	\$ 1,009,472	\$ 1,009,472	NYCLASS
Capital Fund	\$ 5,045,274	\$ 5,045,274	NYCLASS

# VII. Receivables

**A.** Receivables at June 30, 2023 for individual major funds and nonmajor funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities							
		General	S	pecial Aid	l NonMajor			_
<b>Description</b>		<b>Fund</b>		Fund		<b>Funds</b>		<b>Total</b>
Accounts Receivable	\$	159,710	\$	-	\$	-	\$	159,710
Due From State and Federal		1,709,922		2,061,419		163,037		3,934,378
Due From Other Governments		3,648,895		-		-		3,648,895
Lease Receivable		1,224,058		-		-		1,224,058
Allowance for Uncollectible Acounts		(22,605)						(22,605)
<b>Total Receivables</b>	\$	6,719,980	\$	2,061,419	\$	163,037	\$	8,944,436

**B.** Lease Receivable – The District has entered into a lease of their classroom space which matures in 2026. The future principal and interest collections are as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>I</u> 1	nterest
2024	\$ 569,605	\$	14,664
2025	593,473		1,255
2026	 60,980		401
Total	\$ 1,224,058	\$	16,320

# VIII. Interfund Receivables, Payables, Revenues and Expenditures

Interfund Receivables, Payables, Revenues and Expenditures at June 30, 2023 were as follows:

		Inte	erfund	
	Receivables	<u>Payables</u>	Revenues	<b>Expenditures</b>
General Fund	\$ 1,295,101	\$ 14,794	\$ 4,318,588	\$ 28,887,552
Special Aid Fund	-	1,295,101	1,495,000	4,318,588
Capital Projects Fund	-	-	25,762,352	-
Nonmajor Funds	14,794	-	1,630,200	-
Total	\$ 1,309,895	\$ 1,309,895	\$ 33,206,140	\$ 33,206,140

Interfund receivables and payables between governmental activities are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues. All interfund payables are not necessarily expected to be repaid within one year.

Transfers are used to finance certain special aid programs, support capital project expenditures, school lunch programs and debt service expenditures.

# IX. Capital Assets and Lease Assets

# A. Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activity were as follows:

Туре	Balance 7/1/2022		Additions	Deletions	Balance 6/30/2023
Governmental Activities:		•			
Capital Assets that are not Depreciated -					
Land	\$ 3,037,218	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 3,037,218
Work in progress	 8,088,598		8,436,797	 6,414,971	 10,110,424
Total Nondepreciable	\$ 11,125,816	\$	8,436,797	\$ 6,414,971	\$ 13,147,642
Capital Assets that are Depreciated -					
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 172,094,356	\$	6,419,795	\$ -	\$ 178,514,151
Machinery and equipment	21,224,041		2,823,652	 1,739,610	 22,308,083
Total Depreciated Assets	\$ 193,318,397	\$	9,243,447	\$ 1,739,610	\$ 200,822,234
Less Accumulated Depreciation -					
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 91,223,745	\$	4,599,619	\$ -	\$ 95,823,364
Machinery and equipment	10,255,187		2,409,160	1,548,957	 11,115,390
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 101,478,932	\$	7,008,779	\$ 1,548,957	\$ 106,938,754
Total Capital Assets Depreciated, Net	 				 
of Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 91,839,465	\$	2,234,668	\$ 190,653	\$ 93,883,480
<b>Total Capital Assets</b>	\$ 102,965,281	\$	10,671,465	\$ 6,605,624	\$ 107,031,122

# B. <u>Lease Assets</u>

A summary of the lease asset activity during the year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

<u>Type</u>		Balance <u>7/1/2022</u>	<u>. 1</u>	Additions		<u>Deletions</u>		Balance <b>5/30/2023</b>
Lease Assets:	Ф	0 (22 (05	¢.	2 262 226	¢.	1 770 (41	¢.	0.106.200
Equipment	_ \$	8,623,685	\$	2,262,236	\$	1,779,641	\$	9,106,280
<b>Less Accumulated Amortization -</b>								
Equipment	\$	5,956,246	\$	2,033,924	\$	1,779,641	\$	6,210,529
Total Lease Assets, Net	\$	2,667,439	\$	228,312	\$	-	\$	2,895,751
<b>Subscription IT assets:</b>		_				_		_
Subscription IT assets	\$		\$	35,142	\$		\$	35,142
Less Accumulated Amortization -		_		_				_
Subscription IT assets	\$		\$	8,785	\$		\$	8,785
Total Subscription IT Assets, Net	\$		\$	26,357	\$		\$	26,357
Total Lease and Subscription								
IT Assets, Net	\$	2,667,439	\$	254,669	\$		\$	2,922,108

# **C.** Other capital assets (net of depreciation and amortization):

Depreciated Capital Assets (net)	\$ 93,883,480
Amortized Lease Assets (net)	 2,922,108
<b>Total Other Capital Assets (net)</b>	\$ 96,805,588

# (IX.) (Continued)

**D.** Depreciation/amortization expense for the period was charged to functions/programs as follows:

<b>Governmental Activities:</b>	<u>D</u>	epreciation	<u>Ar</u>	<u>nortization</u>	<u>Total</u>
General Government Support	\$	1,040,401	\$	-	\$ 1,040,401
Instruction		3,440,195		2,042,709	5,482,904
Pupil Transportation		2,265,641		-	2,265,641
School Lunch		262,542			262,542
<b>Total Depreciation and</b>				_	
Amortization Expense	\$	7,008,779	\$	2,042,709	\$ 9,051,488

# X. <u>Long-Term Debt Obligations</u>

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year are summarized below:

	Balance 7/1/2022		Additions	<b>Deletions</b>	Balance 6/30/2023	_	ue Within One Year
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>							
<b>Bonds and Notes Payable -</b>							
Serial Bonds	\$ 6,775,000	\$		\$ 1,440,000	\$ 5,335,000	\$	1,140,000
<b>Total Bonds and Notes Payable</b>	\$ 6,775,000	\$	_	\$ 1,440,000	\$ 5,335,000	\$	1,140,000
Other Liabilities -		-					_
Net Pension Liability	\$ -	\$	14,583,526	\$ -	14,583,526	\$	-
OPEB	45,245,292		-	1,378,964	43,866,328		-
Compensated Absences	3,673,702		-	543,415	3,130,287		1,074,328
Retainage Payable	80,478		163,712		 244,190		244,190
<b>Total Other Liabilities</b>	\$ 48,999,472	\$	14,747,238	\$ 1,922,379	\$ 61,824,331	\$	1,318,518
<b>Total Long-Term Obligations</b>	\$ 55,774,472	\$	14,747,238	\$ 3,362,379	\$ 67,159,331	\$	2,458,518

The General Fund has typically been used to liquidate long-term liabilities such as compensated absences.

Existing serial and statutory bond obligations:

<u>Description</u> Serial Bonds -		Original <u>Amount</u>	Issue <u>Date</u>	Final <u>Maturity</u>	Interest <u>Rate</u>	0	Amount utstanding 6/30/2023
Refunding	\$	4,540,000	2014	2024	2.0%-3.0%	\$	145,000
Refunding	\$	9,125,000	2016	2028	1.0%-4.0%		5,190,000
<b>Total Serial</b>	Bono	ls				\$	5,335,000

### (X.) (Continued)

The following is a summary of debt service requirements:

	 Serial Bonds							
<b>Year</b>	<u>Principal</u>	]	<u>nterest</u>					
2024	\$ 1,140,000	\$	123,119					
2025	1,015,000		98,869					
2026	1,035,000		78,569					
2027	1,060,000		56,575					
2028	 1,085,000		24,413					
Total	\$ 5,335,000	\$	381,545					

In prior years, the District defeased certain general obligations and other bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements. \$6,485,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

Interest on long-term debt for June 30, 2023 was composed of:

<b>Total Long-Term Interest Expense</b>	\$ 154,593
Plus: Interest Accrued in the Current Year	5,130
Less: Interest Accrued in the Prior Year	(5,942)
Interest Paid	\$ 155,405

# XI. Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

The following is a summary of the deferred inflows/outflows of resources:

	Deferred	Deferred		
	<b>Outflows</b>	<u>Inflows</u>		
Pension	\$ 33,642,391	\$ 2,578,443		
Lease Receivable	-	1,224,058		
OPEB	2,310,719	4,648,111		
Total	\$ 35,953,110	\$ 8,450,612		

# XII. Pension Plans

# A. General Information

The District participates in the New York State Teacher's Retirement System (TRS) and the New York State and Local Employee's Retirement System (ERS). These are cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement systems. The Systems offer a wide range of plans and benefits, which are related to years of service and final average salary, vesting of retirement benefits, death, and disability.

#### **B.** Provisions and Administration

A 10-member Board of Trustees of the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board administers TRS. TRS provides benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (NYSRSSL). Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in TRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the system, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that contains financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to NYRS, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, New York 12211-2395 or by referring to the TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial report, which can be found on the System's website at <a href="https://www.nystrs.org">www.nystrs.org</a>.

ERS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. NYSRSSL govern obligations of employers and employees to contribute, and benefits to employees. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. ERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to NYSERS, Office of the State Comptroller, 110 State Street, Albany, New York 12244 or by referring to the ERS Comprehensive Annual Report, which can be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php.

### C. Funding Policies

The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3 percent of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3.0 to 3.5 percent of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS tier VI vary based on a sliding salary scale. For TRS, contribution rates are established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law. For ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions for the ERS' fiscal year ended March 31. The District paid 100% of the required contributions as billed by the TRS and ERS for the current year.

The District's share of the required contributions, based on covered payroll paid for the District's year ended June 30, 2023:

<b>Contributions</b>	<b>ERS</b>	<b>TRS</b>
2023	\$ 1,725,40	04 \$ 5,398,362

# D. <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows</u> of Resources related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the District reported the following asset/(liability) for its proportionate share of the net pension asset /(liability) for each of the Systems. The net pension asset/(liability) was measured as of March 31, 2023 for ERS and June 30, 2022 for TRS. The total pension asset/(liability) used to calculate the net pension asset/(liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation. The District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability) was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the TRS and ERS Systems in reports provided to the District.

		<b>ERS</b>		<b>TRS</b>
Measurement date	Ma	arch 31, 2023	Ju	ine 30, 2022
Net pension assets/(liability)	\$	(9,664,590)	\$	(4,918,936)
District's portion of the Plan's total				
net pension asset/(liability)		0.0450689%		0.256343%

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expenses of \$6,331,388 for TRS and \$3,733,930 for ERS. At June 30, 2023 the District's reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred of Res	 	Deferred of Res	 
	<u>ERS</u>	TRS	ERS	TRS
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	\$ 1,029,354	\$ 5,154,422	\$ 271,418	\$ 98,567
Changes of assumptions	4,693,748	9,541,903	51,875	1,981,486
Net difference between projected and				
actual earnings on pension plan				
investments	-	6,355,732	56,779	_
Changes in proportion and differences				
between the District's contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions	738,302	343,200	65,752	52,566
Subtotal	\$ 6,461,404	\$ 21,395,257	\$ 445,824	\$ 2,132,619
District's contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date	 699,437	5,086,293	_	_
Grand Total	\$ 7,160,841	\$ 26,481,550	\$ 445,824	\$ 2,132,619

### (XII.) (Continued)

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<b>Year</b>	<b>ERS</b>	<b>TRS</b>
2023	\$ 1,530,083	\$ 3,773,078
2024	(325,388)	1,974,144
2025	2,119,979	(747,146)
2026	2,690,908	12,534,038
2027	-	1,635,905
Thereafter	 <u>-</u> _	 92,618
Total	\$ 6,015,582	\$ 19,262,637

# E. <u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

	ERS	<b>TRS</b>
Measurement date	March 31, 2023	June 30, 2022
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2022	June 30, 2021
Interest rate	5.90%	6.95%
Salary scale	4.50%	5.18%-1.95%
Decrement tables	April 1, 2016- March 31, 2020 System's Experience	July 1, 2015- June 30, 2020 System's Experience
Inflation rate	2.90%	2.40%
COLA's	1.50%	1.30%

For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2020 System experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on the Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2021. For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on plan member experience adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2021.

The long term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of March 31, 2023 are summarized as follows:

**Long Term Expected Rate of Return** 

Eong Term Expec	tea itate of itetalii	
	ERS	<u>TRS</u>
Measurement date	March 31, 2023	June 30, 2022
Asset Type -		
Domestic equity	4.30%	6.50%
International equity	6.85%	72.00%
Global equity	0.00%	6.90%
Private equity	7.50%	9.90%
Real estate	4.60%	6.20%
Opportunistic portfolios	5.38%	0.00%
Real assets	5.84%	0.00%
Bonds and mortgages	0.00%	0.60%
Cash	0.00%	-0.30%
Private debt	0.00%	5.30%
Real estate debt	0.00%	2.40%
High-yield fixed income securities	0.00%	3.30%
Domestic fixed income securities	0.00%	1.10%
Global fixed income securities	0.00%	0.00%
Short-term	0.00%	0.00%
Credit	5.43%	0.00%

The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.5% for ERS and 2.40% for TRS.

#### F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 5.90% for ERS and 6.95% for TRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

### G. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.90% for ERS and 6.95% for TRS, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentagepoint lower (4.90% for ERS and 5.95% for TRS) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.90% for ERS and 7.95% for TRS) than the current assumption:

<sup>\*</sup> Excludes equity-oriented long-only funds. For investment management purposes, these funds are included in domestic equity and international equity.

### (XII.) (Continued)

ERS Employer's proportionate	1% Decrease (4.90%)	Current Assumption (5.90%)	1% Increase (6.90%)
share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$ (23,355,169)	\$ (9,664,590)	\$ 1,755,481
TRS Employer's proportionate	1% Decrease (5.95%)	Current Assumption (6.95%)	1% Increase (7.95%)
share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$ (45,354,894)	\$ (4,918,936)	\$ 29,087,440

# H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current year net pension asset/(liability) of the employers as of the respective valuation dates, were as follows:

	(In Thousands)		
	ERS	TRS	
Measurement date	March 31, 2023	June 30, 2022	
Employers' total pension liability	\$ 232,627,259	\$ 133,883,474	
Plan net position	211,183,223	131,964,582	
Employers' net pension asset/(liability)	\$ (21,444,036)	\$ (1,918,892)	
Ratio of plan net position to the			
employers' total pension asset/(liability)	90.78%	98.60%	

### I. Payables to the Pension Plan

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31<sup>st</sup>. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2023 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2023 through June 30, 2023 based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2023 amounted to \$699,437.

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 are paid to the System in September, October and November 2023 through a state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2023 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS System. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2023 amounted to \$5,398,362.

### **XIII.** Postemployment Benefits

#### A. General Information About the OPEB Plan

Plan Description – The District's defined benefit OPEB plan, provides OPEB for all permanent full-time general and public safety employees of the District. The plan is a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the District Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Benefits Provided – The District provides healthcare and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents. The benefit terms are dependent on which contract each employee falls under. The specifics of each contract are on file at the District offices and are available upon request.

*Employees Covered by Benefit Terms* – At March 31, 2023, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Total	1829
Active Employees	1259
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	570

### B. Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$43,866,328 was measured as of March 31, 2023, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 3.78 percent

Salary Increases 3.53 percent, average, including inflation

Discount Rate 3.78 percent

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Initial rate of 5.50% decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.00%

Retirees' Share of Benefit-Related Costs Varies depending on contract

The discount rate was based on a high quality tax-exempt general obligation municipal bond yield or index rate.

Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Tables all active employees.

Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Tables for service and deferred annuitants and beneficiaries, fully generational using Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2021 for retirees and surviving spouses.

# C. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

\$ 45,245,292
\$ 1,688,268
1,261,340
21,482
(1,986,810)
 (2,363,244)
\$ (1,378,964)
\$ 43,866,328
\$ \$ \$ \$

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the following:

- The single discount rate from 2.83% to 3.78%.
- Updated healthcare cost trends rates to rates effective June 30, 2023
- Updated teacher's retirement tables effective June 30, 2023 (MP-2021)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.78percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.78 percent) than the current discount rate:

		Discount	
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
	<u>(2.78%)</u>	<u>(3.78%)</u>	<u>(4.78%)</u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 47,014,012	\$ 43,866,328	\$ 40,963,195

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (4.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.50 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	Healthcare						
	1% Decrease	<b>Cost Trend Rates</b>	1% Increase				
	(4.50%	(5.50%	(6.50%				
	Decreasing	Decreasing	Decreasing				
	to 3.00%)	to 4.00%)	<u>to 5.00%)</u>				
<b>Total OPEB Liability</b>	\$ 42,566,740	\$ 43,866,328	\$ 45,365,145				

### (XIII.) (Continued)

# D. <u>OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related</u> to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$2,011,092. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	rred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and	 				
actual experience	\$ 1,090,350	\$	937,897		
Changes of assumptions	629,558		3,710,214		
Contributions after measurement date	 590,811				
Total	\$ 2,310,719	\$	4,648,111		

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

<u>Year</u>	
2024	\$ (473,427)
2025	(752,897)
2026	(527,091)
2027	(483,942)
2028	(297,782)
Thereafter	 (393,064)
Total	\$ (2,928,203)

# XIV. Risk Management

# A. General Information

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to injuries to employees, theft, damages, natural disasters, etc. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past two years.

# B. Health Plan

The District incurs costs related to the Rochester Area School Health Plan (Plan I and Plan II) sponsored by the Board of Cooperative Educational Services, Second Supervisory District of Monroe and Orleans Counties and its component districts.

# 1. Plan I

The Plans objectives are to formulate, develop and administer a program of insurance to obtain lower costs for that coverage, and to develop a comprehensive loss control program. Membership in the Plans may be offered to any component district of the Monroe #1 and Monroe #2 BOCES with the unanimous approval of the Board of Directors. Voluntary withdrawal from the Plans may be effective only once annually on the last day of the Plans year as may be established by the Board of Directors. Notice of Intention to Withdraw must be given in writing to the Chairman of the Board of Directors and the Treasurer not less than thirty days prior to the end of the Plans year. Plan members bear an equal proportionate share of the Plans' assets and claim liabilities. Pursuant to the Municipal Cooperative Agreement the Plans are a risk sharing pool and all monies paid to the Treasurer shall be pooled and administered as a common fund. No refunds shall be made to a participant and no assessments are charged to a participant other than the annual premium equivalent. If surplus funds exist at the end of any fiscal year, the distribution of such funds shall be determined by the Board of Directors. This Plan's members include seventeen districts and two BOCES with the District bearing an equal proportionate share of the Plan's assets and claim liabilities.

This Plan purchases, on an annual basis, stop-loss insurance policies to limit its exposure for claims paid within any one fiscal year.

This Plan establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. However, because actual claims costs depend on complex factors, the process used in computing claims liabilities does not necessarily result in a exact amount. Such claims are based on the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled and claims that have been incurred but not reported. Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expenses in the periods in which they are made. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the District incurred premiums or contribution expenditures totaling \$40,149.

This Plan is audited on an annual basis and is available at the BOCES administrative offices. The most recent audit available for the year ended December 31, 2022, revealed that the Plan was fully funded.

# 2. Plan II

The District incurs costs related to the Rochester Area School Health Plan II sponsored by the Board of Cooperative Educational services, Second Supervisory District of Monroe, and Orleans Counties (Monroe 2-Orleans BOCES). The Plan was established as a Municipal Cooperative under the authorization of Article 5-G of the General Municipal Law in 2004. The plan received a Certificate of Authority to operate as a self-funded plan under Article 47 of the New York State Insurance Law, effective January 1, 2020.

### (XIV.) (Continued)

Membership in the Plan may be offered to any component school district of the Monroe 1 BOCES and Monroe 2-Orleans BOCES within the geographical boundaries of Monroe County, New York provided that the applicant provides proof of its financial responsibility that is satisfactory to the Board of Directors in its sole discretion, and the applicant is the same type of municipal corporation as the initial Participants. The Plan has full participation from all eligible participants including the two BOCES and seventeen component school districts.

A participant has the right to withdraw from the Plan, but such withdrawal shall be effective only on January 1 of the next Plan Year following the Plan Year in which the Participant provides notice. Any withdrawing Participant shall be responsible for its pro rata share of any Plan Deficit and shall satisfy any other obligation relating to the Participant's membership in the Plan. The withdrawing Participant shall not be entitled to share in any Plan surplus.

The Plan is a risk sharing pool and all monies paid to the Treasurer shall be pooled and administered as a common fund. The annual premium equivalent for each coverage option under the Plan is established and approved by a majority of the entire Board of Directors. Each participant is required to contribute to the Plan an amount equal to the Premium Equivalent applicable to the coverage options, under which the Participants Enrollees are covered. If surplus funds exist at the end of any fiscal year, the distribution of such funds shall be determined by the Board of Directors.

The Plan establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. Such claims estimates are based on the ultimate cost of claims that have been reported but not settled and claims that have been incurred but not reported.

The Plan is audited on an annual basis and is available at the Monroe 2-Orleans BOCES administrative offices. The most recent audit available for the year ended December 31, 2022 revealed that the Plan was fully funded.

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the District incurred premiums or contribution expenditures totaling \$16,585,449.

# D. <u>Unemployment</u>

District employees are entitled to coverage under the New York State Unemployment Insurance Law. The District has elected to discharge its liability to the New York State Unemployment Insurance Fund (the Fund) by the benefit reimbursement method, a dollar-for-dollar reimbursement to the fund for benefits paid from the fund to former employees. The District has established a self-insurance fund to pay these claims. The claim and judgment expenditures of this program for the 2022-23 fiscal year totaled \$11,799. The balance of the fund at June 30, 2023 was \$518,593 and is recorded in the General Fund as an Unemployment Insurance Reserve. In addition, as of June 30, 2023, no loss contingencies existed or were considered probable or estimable for incurred but not reported claims payable.

### (XIV.) (Continued)

### E. Health Fund

The District has established a Health Care Plan for its employee groups. The District contribution rates are based on the employment contracts for the various employee groups. Unused balances roll to the next year.

For fiscal year 2022-23, the District expended \$3,863,341 for this plan. The unexpended balance in the Health Care Plan account at June 30, 2023 which represents the cumulative running balance of the participants amounted to \$6,459,359 and is reported as other liabilities in the General Fund.

# XV. Commitments and Contingencies

#### A. Litigation

A notice has been filed against the District by a former employee alleging discrimination. The financial outcome, if any, cannot be determined at this time. In addition there is a tax certiorari claim requesting reduction of assessments pending. The outcome of the tax certiorari claim is underminable at this time.

### B. Grants

The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the State and Federal Governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior years' experience, the District's administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

#### XVI. Lease Commitments and Leased Assets

The District entered into an agreement to lease property to BOCES for a period of five years, terminating August 2025. Under the terms of the agreement the District receives annual rent payments of \$564,676.

#### XVII. Tax Abatement

The County of Monroe IDA, and the District enter into various property tax abatement programs for the purpose of Economic Development. As a result, the District property tax revenue was reduced \$7,829,633. The District received payment in lieu of tax (PILOT) payment totaling \$5,214,972 to help offset the property tax reduction.

# Required Supplementary Information RUSH-HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK Schedule of Changes in District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratio For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY

			IOIA	L OI	ED LIADILII	1							
		<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u> <u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>		
Service cost	\$	1,688,268	\$ 1,867,097	\$	1,769,490	\$	1,752,060	\$	1,606,128	\$	1,586,758	\$	1,615,624
Interest		1,261,340	1,031,733		1,095,406		1,532,857		1,511,125		1,499,110		1,313,655
Changes in benefit terms		-	-		-		262,898		-		16,247		-
Differences between expected													
and actual experiences		21,482	992,430		(336,115)		(2,355,358)		1,377,914		491,317		419,403
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		(1,986,810)	(2,229,667)		833,549		578,854		151,058		640,161		(1,437,837)
Benefit payments		(2,363,244)	(2,178,750)		(2,178,922)		(2,091,777)		(1,843,824)		(1,645,280)		(1,622,780)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	\$	(1,378,964)	\$ (517,157)	\$	1,183,408	\$	(320,466)	\$	2,802,401	\$	2,588,313	\$	288,065
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	\$	45,245,292	\$ 45,762,449	\$	44,579,041	\$	44,899,507	\$	42,097,106	\$	39,508,793	\$	39,220,728
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	43,866,328	\$ 45,245,292	\$	45,762,449	\$	44,579,041	\$	44,899,507	\$	42,097,106	\$	39,508,793
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	61,904,355	\$ 59,241,384	\$	57,271,253	\$	59,806,405	\$	57,940,714	\$	56,084,323	\$	56,084,323
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Cove	ered												
Employee Payroll		70.86%	76.37%		79.90%		74.54%		77.49%		75.06%		70.45%

10 years of historical information is not available, and will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is present.

# RUSH-HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

# Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

**NYSERS Pension Plan** 

	111 DEIGH 1 CHBIOH 11	411		
<u>)21</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	2

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Proportion of the net pension liability (assets)	0.0450689%	0.0437921%	0.0432143%	0.044672%	0.043991%	0.043720%	0.0432556%	0.0448215%	0.043736%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets)	\$ 9,664,590	\$ (3,579,822)	\$ 43,030	\$ 11,829,494	\$ 3,116,867	\$ 1,411,029	\$ 4,064,389	\$ 7,193,982	\$ 1,477,524
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 15,898,903	\$ 15,441,114	\$ 15,457,785	\$ 15,007,094	\$ 14,474,673	\$ 14,068,516	\$ 13,526,242	\$ 15,152,694	\$ 14,509,805
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	60.788%	-23.184%	0.278%	78.826%	21.533%	10.030%	30.048%	47.477%	10.183%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	90.78%	103.65%	99.95%	86.39%	96.27%	98.24%	94.70%	90.70%	97.90%
					_				
-			NY	STRS Pension F	lan				
	2023	2022	2021	STRS Pension F 2020	<u>2019</u>	2018	2017	2016	2015
Proportion of the net pension liability (assets)	<b>2023</b> 0.256343%	<b>2022</b> 0.259485%				<b>2018</b> 0.262155%	<b>2017</b> 0.267750%	<b>2016</b> 0.265716%	2015 0.266100%
liability (assets) Proportionate share of the	0.256343%	0.259485%	2021 0.260182%	<b>2020</b> 0.258789%	<b>2019</b> 0.261311%	0.262155%	0.267750%	0.265716%	0.266100%
liability (assets)			2021	2020	2019		<u> </u>	<del></del>	
liability (assets) Proportionate share of the	0.256343%	0.259485%	2021 0.260182%	<b>2020</b> 0.258789%	<b>2019</b> 0.261311%	0.262155%	0.267750%	0.265716%	0.266100%
liability (assets)  Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets)	0.256343%	0.259485% \$ (44,966,231)	2021 0.260182% \$ 7,189,522	2020 0.258789% \$ (6,723,368)	2019 0.261311% \$ (4,725,195)	0.262155% \$ (1,992,642)	0.267750% \$ 2,867,715	0.265716% \$ (27,599,414)	0.266100% \$ (29,646,655)

10 years of historical information is not available, and will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is present.

# RUSH-HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

# **Schedule of District Contributions**

# For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

**NYSERS Pension Plan** 

			1110	ERS I CHSION I	411				
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Contractually required contributions	\$ 1,726,577	\$ 2,354,598	\$ 2,132,655	\$ 2,089,494	\$ 2,134,646	\$ 2,061,398	\$ 2,028,501	\$ 2,260,941	\$ 2,386,160
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(1,726,577)	(2,354,598)	(2,132,655)	(2,089,494)	(2,134,646)	(2,061,398)	(2,028,501)	(2,260,941)	(2,386,160)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 15,898,903	\$ 15,441,114	\$ 15,457,785	\$ 15,007,094	\$ 14,474,673	\$ 14,068,516	\$ 13,526,242	\$ 15,152,694	\$ 14,509,805
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	10.86%	15.25%	13.80%	13.92%	14.75%	14.65%	15.00%	14.92%	16.45%
			NYS	TRS Pension Pl	an				
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u> 2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Contractually required contributions	\$ 5,398,362	\$ 4,830,765	\$ 4,486,313	\$ 4,181,408	\$ 4,864,573	\$ 4,460,085	\$ 5,478,572	\$ 5,988,778	\$ 6,388,435
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(5,398,362)	(4,830,765)	(4,486,313)	(4,181,408)	(4,864,573)	(4,460,085)	(5,478,572)	(5,988,778)	(6,388,435)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 48,361,893	\$ 45,823,262	\$ 44,292,144	\$ 44,724,971	\$ 43,862,163	\$ 42,946,396	\$ 41,864,494	\$ 41,668,352	\$ 40,450,250
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	11.16%	10.54%	10.13%	9.35%	11.09%	10.39%	13.09%	14.37%	15.79%

<sup>10</sup> years of historical information is not available, and will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is present.

# RUSH-HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -

# **Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund**

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Budget	Amended Budget		Current Year's <u>Revenues</u>		Ov	ver (Under) Revised Budget
REVENUES				-			
Local Sources -							
Real property taxes	\$ 80,766,330	\$	80,766,330	\$	80,668,491	\$	(97,839)
Real property tax items	10,357,050		10,357,050		11,735,352		1,378,302
Non-property taxes	5,000,000		5,000,000		7,237,542		2,237,542
Charges for services	250,000		250,000		459,751		209,751
Use of money and property	587,217		587,217		1,955,184		1,367,967
Sale of property and compensation for loss	11,000		11,000		1,255		(9,745)
Miscellaneous	466,600		466,600		2,901,737		2,435,137
State Sources -							
Basic formula	44,545,438		44,545,438		35,689,800		(8,855,638)
Lottery aid	-		-		9,204,796		9,204,796
BOCES	3,860,188		3,860,188		4,201,838		341,650
Textbooks	334,386		334,386		334,530		144
All Other Aid -							
Computer software	163,134		163,134		165,494		2,360
Library loan	34,625		34,625		34,056		(569)
Handicapped students	-		-		1,164,726		1,164,726
Other aid	-		-		27,000		27,000
Federal Sources	250,000		250,000		308,187		58,187
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 146,625,968	\$	146,625,968	\$ 1	56,089,739	\$	9,463,771
Other Sources -							
Transfer - in	\$ 4,100,000	\$	4,100,000	\$	4,318,588	\$	218,588
TOTAL REVENUES AND OTHER							
SOURCES	\$ 150,725,968	\$	150,725,968	\$ 1	60,408,327	\$	9,682,359
Appropriated reserves	\$ _	\$	18,260,342				
Appropriated fund balance	\$ 900,000	\$	900,000				
Prior year encumbrances	\$ 4,153,274	\$	4,153,274				
TOTAL REVENUES AND APPROPRIATED RESERVES/ FUND BALANCE	\$ 155,779,242	\$	174,039,584				

# RUSH-HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -

# Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

				Current				
	Original	Amended		Year's			Un	encumbered
	<b>Budget</b>	<b>Budget</b>	E	xpenditures	Enc	cumbrances		<b>Balances</b>
EXPENDITURES								
General Support -								
Board of education	\$ 149,258	\$ 147,458	\$	123,694	\$	-	\$	23,764
Central administration	316,450	344,250		318,664		5,168		20,418
Finance	797,367	843,967		744,492		886		98,589
Staff	1,260,124	1,240,124		1,005,006		26,745		208,373
Central services	11,517,935	12,058,176		9,516,635		1,952,966		588,575
Special items	1,803,178	1,966,578		1,826,377		1,339		138,862
Instructional -								
Instruction, administration and improvement	6,613,326	6,835,152		6,504,885		8,207		322,060
Teaching - regular school	36,864,589	36,854,441		33,077,271		650,453		3,126,717
Programs for children with								
handicapping conditions	21,151,448	21,152,649		19,691,340		201,689		1,259,620
Occupational education	2,581,959	2,926,959		2,582,438		-		344,521
Teaching - special schools	306,958	306,758		256,198		-		50,560
Instructional media	7,465,592	7,471,276		5,433,583		1,856,864		180,829
Pupil services	6,849,681	6,977,115		6,686,084		41,517		249,514
Pupil Transportation	9,856,854	9,826,854		8,242,913		1,245		1,582,696
Community Services	282,258	326,360		275,616		720		50,024
<b>Employee Benefits</b>	 37,979,849	 35,873,709		31,670,401		-		4,203,308
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 145,796,826	\$ 145,151,826	\$	127,955,597	\$	4,747,799	\$	12,448,430
Other Uses -								
Transfers - out	\$ 9,982,416	\$ 28,887,758	\$	28,887,552	\$		\$	206
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND		_		_				_
OTHER USES	\$ 155,779,242	\$ 174,039,584	\$	156,843,149	\$	4,747,799	\$	12,448,636
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$ -	\$	3,565,178				
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	61,177,640	 61,177,640		61,177,640				
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 61,177,640	\$ 61,177,640	\$	64,742,818				

#### Note to Required Supplementary Information:

A reconciliation is not necessary since encumbrances are presented in a separate column on this schedule.

# RUSH-HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

# Schedule of Change From Adopted Budget To Final Budget And The Real Property Tax Limit

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

# CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET:

Adopted budget	\$ 151,625,968
Prior year's encumbrances	4,153,274
Original Budget	\$ 155,779,242
Budget revisions -	
Appropriations for Capital Project	18,260,342
FINAL BUDGET	\$ 174,039,584

# SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION:

2023-24 voter approved expenditure budget	\$	161,779,198
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# <u>Unrestricted fund balance:</u>

Assigned fund balance	\$ 4,747,799
Unassigned fund balance	6,471,168
Total Unrestricted fund balance	\$ 11,218,967

# Less adjustments:

Encumbrances included in assigned fund balance	4,747,799
Total adjustments	\$ 4,747,799

General fund fund balance subject to Section 1318 of

Real Property Tax Law 6,4	71,1	.08	
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ACTUAL PERCENTAGE 4.00%

### RUSH-HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

#### CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

#### Schedule of Project Expenditures

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

				Expenditures		Methods of Financing						
	Original	Revised	Prior	Current		Unexpended	Local	State	Insurance			Fund
Project Title	Appropriation	Appropriation	Years	<u>Year</u>	Total	Balance	Sources	Sources	Recoveries	Transfers	<u>Total</u>	Balance
Bus Purchases (2021-22)	\$ 2,400,0	0 \$ 2,319,992	\$ -	\$ 2,144,486	\$ 2,144,486	\$ 175,506	\$ 2,400,000	\$ -	\$ 163,429	\$ (243,437)	\$ 2,319,992	\$ 175,506
Bus Purchases (2022-23)	2,400,0	0 2,643,43	-	-	-	2,643,437	2,400,000	-	-	243,437	2,643,437	2,643,437
Bus Purchases (2023-24)	3,600,0	3,600,000	-	-	-	3,600,000	2,500,000	-	-	-	2,500,000	2,500,000
Undesignated Bus Purchase	1,344,9	7 4,514,019	584,370	-	584,370	3,929,649	1,994,937	-	-	2,519,082	4,514,019	3,929,649
Buildings Project 2020	6,600,0	6,849,960	6,414,972	-	6,414,972	434,994	6,673,497	300,000	-	(558,525)	6,414,972	=
Buildings Project 2021	5,900,0	0 10,000,000	1,486,835	6,178,236	7,665,071	2,334,929	7,500,000	-	-	2,900,000	10,400,000	2,734,929
Buildings Project 2022	2,962,0	0 3,433,108	6,885	126,647	133,532	3,299,576	-	-	-	3,433,108	3,433,108	3,299,576
Buildings Project 2023	2,035,0	0	-	-	-	-	2,035,000	=	-	(2,035,000)	Ξ	=
Buildings Project 2025	26,600,0	26,600,000	-	-	-	26,600,000	18,260,342	-	-	8,339,658	26,600,000	26,600,000
Senior HS Field 2022	10,500,0	0 10,500,000	71,584	621,275	692,859	9,807,141	10,500,000	-	-	3,550,000	14,050,000	13,357,141
BOCES Capital Project	2,723,2	2,723,26	1,534,929	1,188,332	2,723,261	-	-	-	-	2,723,261	2,723,261	-
Undesignated Capital Project	8,000,0	2,872,265	2,399	-	2,399	2,869,866	26,322,671	-	-	(23,450,406)	2,872,265	2,869,866
Building Condition Survey 2020	370,0	519,323	58,935	158,595	217,530	301,793	330,000	<u> </u>		189,863	519,863	302,333
TOTAL	\$ 75,435,1	8 \$ 76,575,37	\$ 10,160,909	\$ 10,417,571	\$ 20,578,480	\$ 55,996,891	\$ 80,916,447	\$ 300,000	\$ 163,429	\$ (2,388,959)	\$ 78,990,917	\$ 58,412,437

# RUSH-HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

# Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	Special Revenue Funds						Total	
	School		Miscellaneous		Debt		Nonmajor	
	Lunch		Special Revenue			Service	Governmental	
		Fund Fund		<b>Fund</b>		<b>Funds</b>		
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,155,677	\$	168,336	\$	371,624	\$	1,695,637
Investments		-		40,353		-		40,353
Receivables		163,037		-		-		163,037
Inventories		113,935		-		-		113,935
Due from other funds		14,794						14,794
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,447,443	\$	208,689	\$	371,624	\$	2,027,756
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
<u>Liabilities</u> -								
Accounts payable	\$	219	\$	-	\$	-	\$	219
Accrued liabilities		34,975		-		-		34,975
Due to other governments		1,413		-		-		1,413
Unearned revenue		223,046		_				223,046
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	259,653	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$	259,653
<b>Fund Balances</b> -								
Nonspendable	\$	113,935	\$	-	\$	-	\$	113,935
Restricted		-		208,689		371,624		580,313
Assigned		1,073,855		_				1,073,855
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	\$	1,187,790	\$	208,689	\$	371,624	\$	1,768,103
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND								
FUND BALANCES	\$	1,447,443	\$	208,689	\$	371,624	\$	2,027,756

# RUSH-HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Special Revenue Funds							Total	
	School		Mis	scellaneous		Debt	Nonmajor		
	Lunch		<b>Special Revenue</b>		Service		Governmental		
	<b>Fund</b>		<u>Fund</u>		<b>Fund</b>		<u>Funds</u>		
REVENUES									
Use of money and property	\$	9,890	\$	3,496	\$	20,234	\$	33,620	
Miscellaneous		1,500		92,747		-		94,247	
State sources		66,639		-		-		66,639	
Federal sources		2,360,417		-		-		2,360,417	
Sales		1,101,010		_				1,101,010	
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	3,539,456	\$	96,243	\$	20,234	\$	3,655,933	
EXPENDITURES									
Employee benefits	\$	684,454	\$	_	\$	-	\$	684,454	
Debt service - principal				-		1,440,000		1,440,000	
Debt service - interest		_		-		155,406		155,406	
Cost of sales		1,633,387		-		-		1,633,387	
Other expenses		1,350,084		98,466		-		1,448,550	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	3,667,925	\$	98,466	\$	1,595,406	\$	5,361,797	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES									
OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	(128,469)	\$	(2,223)	\$	(1,575,172)	\$	(1,705,864)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers - in	\$	14,794	\$	-	\$	1,615,406	\$	1,630,200	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING									
SOURCES (USES)	\$	14,794	\$		\$	1,615,406	\$	1,630,200	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(113,675)	\$	(2,223)	\$	40,234	\$	(75,664)	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING									
OF YEAR		1,301,465		210,912		331,390		1,843,767	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	1,187,790	\$	208,689	\$	371,624	\$	1,768,103	

# Supplementary Information RUSH-HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

# Net Investment in Capital Assets/ Right to use assets For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

Capital assets/ right to use assets, net

\$ 109,953,230

**Deduct:** 

Bond payable \$ 5,335,000 Retainage Payable 244,190

5,579,190

Net Investment in Capital Assets/ right to use assets

\$ 104,374,040

# RUSH-HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Assistance	Pass-Through			
Grantor / Pass - Through Agency	Listing	Agency	Total		
Federal Award Cluster / Program	Number	<u>Number</u>	Ex	<u>xpenditures</u>	
U.S. Department of Education:					
Passed Through NYS Education Department -					
Special Education Cluster IDEA -					
Special Education - Grants to State (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	0032-22-0385	\$	12,413	
Special Education - Grants to State (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	0032-23-0385		1,456,474	
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.173	0033-22-0385		2,050	
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.173	0033-23-0385		46,959	
States (ARP IDEA, Part B)	84.027X	5532-22-0385		295,880	
Special Education - Preschool Grants (APR IDEA Preschool)	84.173X	5533-22-0385		19,153	
Total Special Education Cluster IDEA			\$	1,832,929	
Education Stabilization Fund -					
ARP ESSER III	84.425U	5880-21-1400	\$	5,657,638	
CARES Act - ESSER	84.425D	5890-21-1400		31,313	
ARP SLR Summer Enrichment	84.425U	5882-21-1400		37,412	
ARP SLR Comprehensive	84.425U	5883-21-1400		100,002	
ARP SLR Learning Loss	84.425U	5884-21-1400		270,395	
ARP - UPK	84.425U	5875-23-0025		655,908	
Total Education Stabilization Fund			\$	6,752,668	
Title IIA - Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367	0147-22-1400		2,571	
Title IIA - Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367	0147-23-1400		180,236	
Title IIIA - English Language Acquisition	84.365	0293-22-1400		9,399	
Title IIIA - English Language Acquisition	84.365	0293-23-1400		47,965	
Title IV - Student Support and Enrichment Program	84.424	0204-22-1400		21,520	
Title IV - Student Support and Enrichment Program	84.424	0204-23-1400		29,363	
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	0021-22-1400		33,660	
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	0021-23-1400		1,152,385	
Total U.S. Department of Education			\$	10,062,696	
U.S. Department of Agriculture:					
Passed Through NYS Education Department -					
Child Nutrition Cluster -					
National School Lunch Program	10.555	26170106	\$	1,581,668	
National School Lunch Program-Non-Cash Assistance (Commodities)	10.555	26170106	Ψ	263,446	
Summer Food Service program - COVID	10.559	26170106		13,713	
National School Breakfast Program	10.553	26170106		387,742	
Supply Chain Assistance	10.555	26170106		108,196	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.555	20170100	\$	2,354,765	
Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs	10.649	26170106	Ψ	5,652	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	10.042	20170100	\$	2,360,417	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$	12,423,113	



# Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

# **Independent Auditors' Report**

To the Board of Education Rush-Henrietta Central School District, New York

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Rush-Henrietta Central School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 21, 2023.

# Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Rush-Henrietta Central School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mengel, Metzger, Barn & Co. LLP

Rochester, New York September 21, 2023