INTERVAL HEALTH HISTORY

This form must be completed prior to participation in sports.

Student's Name:	Sport:		
Name of Parent/Guardian:			
Address and Zip:			
Home Phone:			
Business Phone:	Parent:	_Parent:	
Emergency Contact Name:	Phone:	Phone:	
Physician's Name:			
Physician's Phone:			
Preferred Hospital:			
Last tetanus vaccination date (medical documentation required if current date is not or	n health record)		
School:	Grade:	Sex:	
paralysis and even fatalities. I have carefully read and my knowledge there is no existing condition that should participation. I have also received and reviewed the a their management. My signature below constitutes my the above named sport. I understand that the district d broken corrective lenses or orthodontic devices. In the below constitutes my permission for my child to receive treatment to ensure his/her health and safety. Such tree physician or another physician or medical facility as decistaff member at his/her discretion. I appoint that R-H execute any necessary documents in connection with required guarantee of payment.	d exclude my son/da nnexed information permission for my c oes not assume response event of an emergation attent may come from the emed appropriate by staff member as my	nughter from athletion concussions and hild to participate it onsibility for lost of gency, my signaturation and necessary om either my child the supervising R-Attorney In Fact to	
Parent/Guardian Signature		Date	
For School Nurse use	only		
Date of last physical exam	,		
This certifies that the above student is physically quali indicated above.	ified to participate in	the sport	
Date Signature:	G: 4 CG 1 1	NT	
	Signature of School		
This certificate is void if pupil is absent for 5 or	more consecutive of	lavs because of	
illness or has sustained significant injury. Health hi Comments:	istory review requir	ed for re-entry.	

Rush-Henrietta Central School District

*If YES to any, explain below.

1.	Sustained any injury which required medical attention; had any illnesses which lasted longer than one week or required surgery? (If YES, has the problem been fully resolved? If the problem has not been fully resolved, your child will need to be cleared by your private physician prior to participation)	YES	NO
2	Had a convulsion? (seizure)	YES	NO
3.	Had a medically diagnosed concussion?	YES	NO
<i>3</i> .	Complained of chest pain or fainting during physical exertion?	YES	NO
	Developed any restrictions or conditions that may be worsened by playing sports?	YES	NO
6.	Been under a physician's care or taking medication now for any existing medical problem (besides routine health care)?	YES	NO
7.	Developed any known allergies to medicines, foods, or bee stings? (If YES, does allergy require EpiPen? yes no)	YES	NO
8.	Has any immediate family member (sibling, parent) had a history of sudden death or death due to heart disease in family members less than fifty (50) years of age?	YES	NO
9.	Been fitted for braces? (If YES, is a mouthpiece from the orthodontist necessary? yes no)	YES	NO
10.	Had any teeth capped or replaced artificially?	YES	NO
11.	Been medically diagnosed with asthma? (If YES, an Asthma Action Plan must be completed.)	YES	NO
12.	Started using contact lenses?	YES	NO
13.	Other medical conditions?	YES	NO
	yes to any of the above, explain fully below. Failure to provide clear y your child from beginning the sport.	complete ans	swers ma
		CEE DEVE	DOE OIL

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6/2012

RH_IntervalHealthNCR3s.pdf 12-900

Concussion/Head Injury/Mild Traumatic Brain Injury (MTBI) Information

Definition: A concussion is a type of traumatic brain injury (TBI) which alters the functioning of the brain. A concussion can occur with any bump, blow, or jolt to the head or body that causes the brain to quickly move back and forth. Concussions can occur as a result of a fall, motor vehicle accident, accident on the playground, during athletic participation, or during many other activities. All concussions are serious and need to be evaluated by a health care professional.

Signs and Symptoms: Look for the following signs and symptoms of concussion for any student who suffered a bump, blow, or jolt to their head or body:

- Headache or head "pressure"
- Nausea and/or vomiting
- Dizzy and/or problems with balance
- Blurry vision or double vision

- Light and/or noise sensitivity
- Feels "foggy"
- Hard time concentrating

- Hard time remembering
- Confused
- Just "doesn't feel right"
- Unable to remember events before or after the injury
- Loss of consciousness
- Appears dazed or out of it

Prevention: Below are ways to help reduce the risk of sustaining a concussion:

- Wear a seat belt every time you are driving or riding in a motor vehicle.
- Never drive or ride in a vehicle with someone who is under the influence of drugs or alcohol.
- Wear appropriate safety equipment, including properly fitted helmets, such as, but not limited to, when:
 - o riding a bike, motorcycle, snow mobile, or ATV;
 - o playing contact sports (examples include football, soccer, hockey, and lacrosse);
 - o skiing, snowboarding, and sledding;
 - o horseback riding; or
 - o batting during baseball or softball
- During any athletic participation including practices and games:
 - o Always use the recommended protective equipment for that sport (all equipment should be fitted appropriately and maintained according to manufacturer's recommendations);
 - o Safety rules need to be followed by all participants as well as proper techniques for safe playing;
 - o Learn and follow the rules of the sport being played and promptly and honestly report injuries to an adult; and
 - o Any student with a head injury must be removed from participation, will be referred to their healthcare provider for follow-up, and will remain out of play until proper medical documentation is submitted.

Returning to Sports/Athletics: The District follows the International Consensus Conference Guidelines for Return to Play (RTP) to team sports in a monitored and graduated progression of activity over six phases once the athlete is symptom free for at least 24 hours and medically cleared by their physician*. Your physician RTP clearance is a return to our protocol, not games. The process is detailed below.

International Consensus Conference Guidelines for Return to Play Following Head Injury/Concussion

Phase 1 low impact non-strenuous light aerobic activity for short intervals, such as easy walking, biking, swimming in three ten minute intervals with rest in between; no resistance training

Phase 2 higher impact, higher exertion activity in two 15 minute intervals, with rest in between, such as running/jumping rope, skating, or other cardio exercise; may be sports specific if available (e.g. skating without collision meaning suited up, but skating when the team is not doing drills; running without impact in soccer or football, suited up), no resistance training

Phase 3 repeat phase 2 progressing with shorter breaks, and add additional 10 to 15 min. stationary skill work, such as dribbling, serving, tossing a ball (balls should not be thrown or kicked in the direction of the student); low resistance training if available with spotting

Phase 4 repeat of phase 3 without breaks in cardio, but add skill work with movement (allowing balls to be thrown/kicked in the direction of student) and add additional 10-15 minutes; non-contact training drills

Student will complete post-injury ImPACT computer-based neuro-cognitive testing to compare with baseline pre-injury test results in combination with the athlete's current overall neuro-cognitive symptoms and physical presentation. Collaboration between the ATC, RN, District Physician and/or NP, and private medical provider, as needed, will determine whether to advance, hold, or regress.

Phase 5 repeat phase 4 as a warm up; weight lifting with spotting; full contact training drills for full practice session

Phase 6 warm up followed by full participation as tolerated

*For purposes of the head injury RTP protocol, an appropriate physician evaluation is completed by a practicing MD or DO within the following specialties: family medicine, pediatrics, sports medicine, neurology, or neurosurgery, with preference given to the individual's primary care physician. Family members and friends of the family who are medical providers may not serve as an appropriate physician. The physician completing the physician's evaluation form should document name, degree, specialty, practice name (if applicable), address, and phone number.

For additional information on traumatic brain injuries (TBIs), please visit the following websites:

http://www.cdc.gov/concussion/HeadsUp/ or http://www.cdc.gov/TraumaticBrainInjury/ or http://www.health.ny.gov/prevention/injury prevention/concussion.htm